

# Intel® Server Board S5500HV/Intel® Server System SR1670HV

## *Technical Product Specification*

*Intel order number E69391-006*

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**Enterprise Platforms and Services Division**

## **Revision History**

Date	Revision Number	Modifications
June 2009	1.0	1 <sup>st</sup> Production Release
July 2009	1.1	Corrected some typo and power connector pin-outs definition
March 2010	1.2	Updated new 5600 processor support information and revise CNCA Certification

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# 1. Introduction

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This Technical Product Specification (TPS) provides information detailing the features, functionality, and high-level architecture of the Intel® Server Board S5500HV and the Intel® Server System SR1670HV.

Additional product information can be found at the following Intel website:

<http://support.intel.com/support/motherboards/server/SR1670HV/>

## 1.1 Chapter Outline

This document is divided into the following chapters:

- Chapter 1 – Introduction
- Chapter 2 – Intel® Server Board S5500HV Overview
- Chapter 3 – Functional Architecture
- Chapter 4 – Platform Management
- Chapter 5 – Connector/Header Locations and Pin-outs
- Chapter 6 – Configuration Jumpers
- Chapter 7 – Intel® Light-Guided Diagnostics
- Chapter 8 – Intel® Server System SR1670HV Overview
- Chapter 9 – Environmental Specifications
- Chapter 10 – Regulatory and Certification
- Chapter 11 – Product Safety Information
- Appendix A – Product Usage Tips
- Glossary of Terms
- Product Reference Documents

## 1.2 Server Board Use Disclaimer

Intel Corporation server boards contain a number of high-density VLSI and power delivery components that need adequate airflow to cool. Intel ensures through its own chassis development and testing that when Intel server building blocks are used together, the fully integrated system meets the intended thermal requirements of these components. It is the responsibility of the system integrator who chooses not to use Intel developed server building blocks to consult vendor datasheets and operating parameters to determine the amount of airflow required for their specific application and environmental conditions. Intel Corporation cannot be held responsible if components fail or the server board does not operate correctly when used outside any of their published operating or non-operating limits.

## 2. Intel® Server Board S5500HV Overview

The Intel® Server Board S5500HV is designed to support high density rack server markets. Its unique half width board design (6.3" x 16.7") allows for possible dual server node configurations within a single rack mount chassis application.

### 2.1 Intel® Server Board S5500HV Feature Set

**Table 1. Intel® Server Board S5500HV Feature Set**

Feature	Description
Processors	Support for one or two Intel® Xeon® Processors 5500 Series and 5600 Series in FC-LGA 1366 Socket B package with up to 130 W Thermal Design Power (TDP) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>4.8 GT/s, 5.86 GT/s and 6.4 GT/s Intel® QuickPath Interconnect (Intel® QPI)</li> </ul>
Memory	Support for 800/1066/1333 MT/s ECC registered (RDIMM) or unbuffered (UDIMM) DDR3 memory. 12 DIMMs total across 6 memory channels (3 channels per processor).
Chipset	Intel® 5500 Chipset IOH Intel® 82801Jx I/O Controller Hub (ICH10R)
I/O Control	External connections: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>DB-15 Video connector</li> <li>DB-9 COM1 Serial Port connector</li> <li>Two RJ-45 Network Interface Connectors (Stacked) for 10/100/1000 Mb</li> <li>One RJ-45 Management Network Interface Connector</li> <li>Two USB 2.0 connectors</li> </ul> Internal connections: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>One USB 1x5 pin header, supporting one USB 2.0 port</li> <li>One USB 2.0 Type F Connector</li> <li>Four SATA II Connectors</li> <li>20-pin ATX Main Power Connector(s)</li> <li>4-pin Peripheral Drive Power Connector</li> <li>Power Supply SMBus Interface Header</li> <li>Front Panel Headers providing support for control button and LED options</li> </ul>
System Fan Support	Four 4-pin managed system fan headers
Add-in Adapter Support	One riser slot supporting low-profile X16 GEN2 PCI Express* riser cards
Video	On-board ASPEED* AST2050 with integrated Video Controller <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Integrated 2D Video Controller</li> <li>8 MB Video Memory</li> </ul>
Hard Drive	Support for Four ICH10R SATA II ports with support for the following integrated RAID solutions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Intel® Matrix Storage Manager supporting Software RAID levels 0/1/5/10 (Windows* Only)</li> <li>LSI* SATA Software RAID supporting Software RAID levels 0/1/10 (Windows and Linux)</li> </ul>
LAN	Two 10/100/1000 Ethernet LAN ports provided by Intel® 82574L PHYs with Intel® I/O Acceleration Technology

Feature	Description
Server Management	On-board ASPEED AST2050 with integrated Baseboard Management Controller <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li data-bbox="506 279 1166 310">▪ BMC Management Module with IPMI 2.0 support (Included)</li><li data-bbox="506 312 857 344">▪ 10/100 Management NIC port</li></ul>

## 2.2 Server Board Layout



**Figure 1. Intel® Server Board S5500HV**

### 2.2.1 Server Board Connector and Component Layout

The following figure shows the board layout of the server board. Each connector and major component is identified by letter, with a description of each given in Table 2.

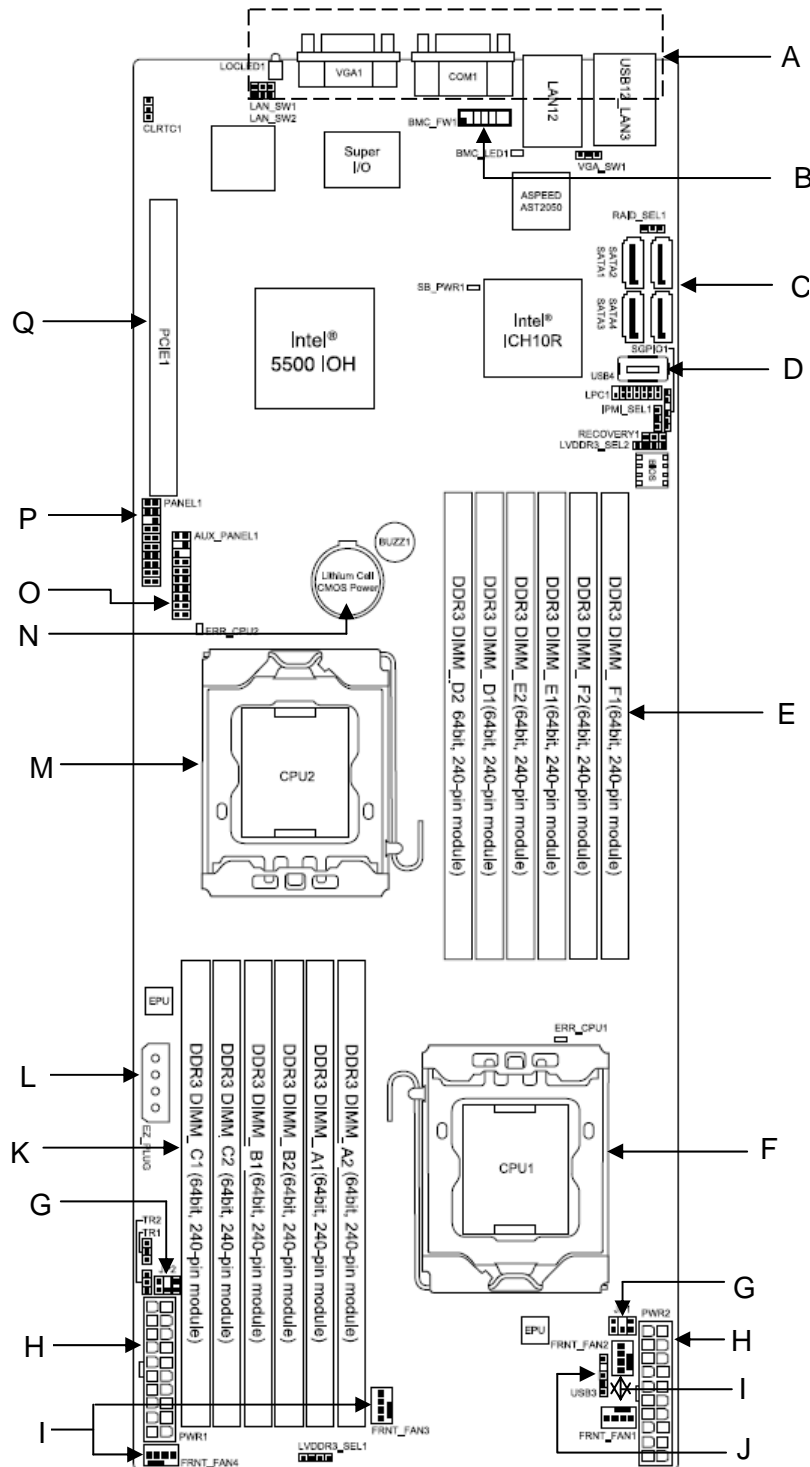


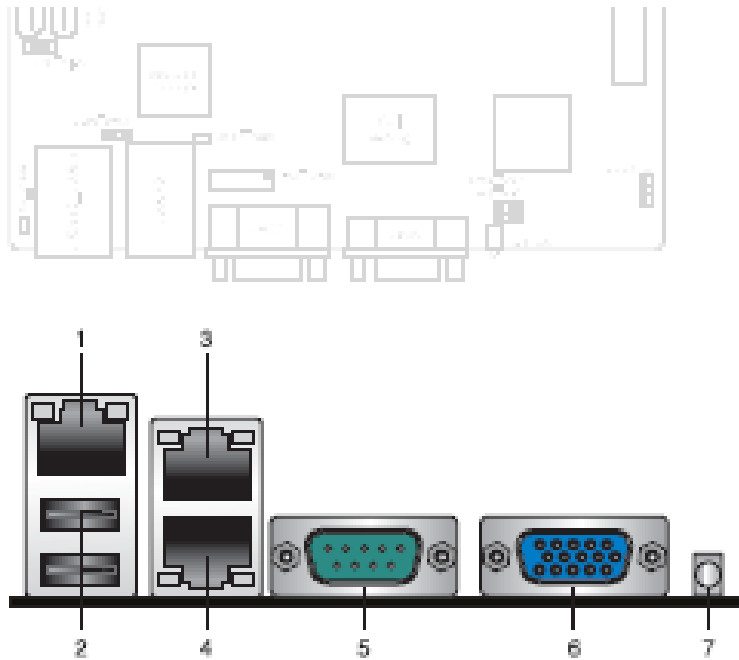
Figure 2. Intel® Server Board S5500HV Layout

**Table 2. Major Board Components**

	Description		Description
A	Rear I/O Connectors	K	CPU 1 DIMM Slots (Slots A1– C2)
B	BMC Management Module connector	L	Peripheral Drive Power Connector – 4 pin
C	SATA Ports 1-4	M	CPU 2 - LGA 1366 Socket
D	Internal USB(4) 2.0 Port	N	CMOS Battery
E	CPU 2 DIMM Slots (Slots D1 – F2)	O	Auxiliary Front Panel Header
F	CPU 1 - LGA 1366 Socket	P	Front Panel Header
G	Power Supply SMBus - 2x3 Pin Header	Q	X16 GEN 2 PCI Express* Riser Card Slot
H	Main Power Connector – 20 pin		
I	System Fan Connectors		
J	USB(3) 2.0 - 1x5 Pin Header		

### 2.2.2 Server Board Rear I/O Layout

The following figure shows the layout of the rear I/O components for the server board.



1	BMC Management NIC Port	5	COM 1 Serial Port
2	Stacked USB 2.0 Ports	6	Video Connector
3	LAN 1 Port 10/100/1000	7	Blue System ID LED
4	LAN 2 Port 10/100/1000		

**Figure 3. Intel® Server Board S5500HV Rear I/O Layout**

### 3. Functional Architecture

The Intel® Server Board S5500HV is based on Intel architecture with I/O and performance features provided with the Intel® 5500 Chipset I/O Hub (IOH), Intel® ICH10R I/O controller hub, and the Intel® Xeon® processor 5500 Series and 5600 Series featuring Intel® QuickPath Interconnect (Intel® QPI).

This chapter provides a high-level description of the functionality associated with each chipset component and the architectural blocks that make up the server board.

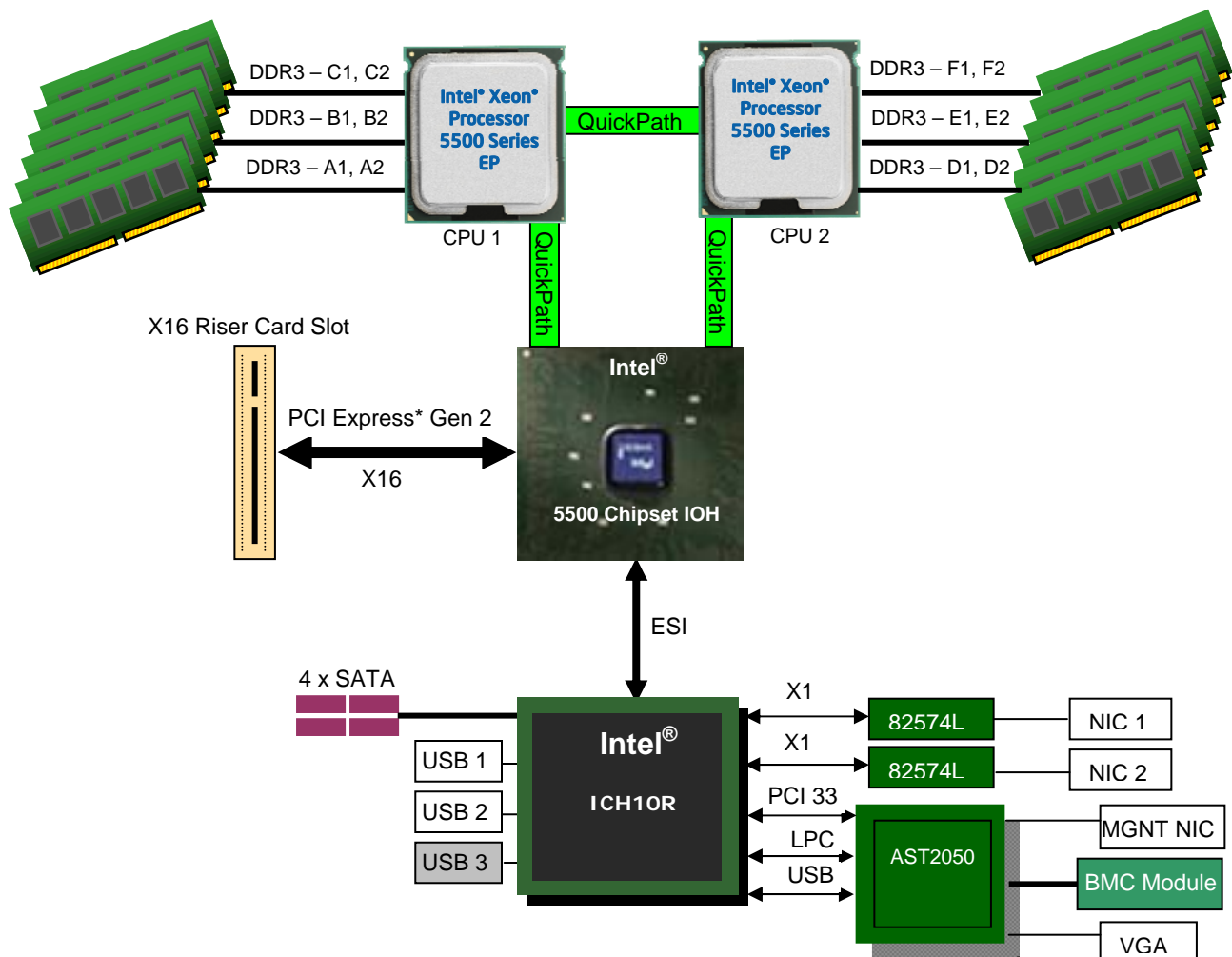


Figure 4. Intel® Server Board S5500HV Functional Block Diagram

#### 3.1 Processor Support

The server board supports the following:

- Two on board FC-LGA 1366 socket B package processor sockets.

- Functional support for one or two Intel® Xeon® Processors 5500 Series and 5600 Series with 4.8 GT/s, 5.86 GT/s or 6.4 GT/s with Intel® QuickPath Interconnect.
- Up to 130 Watt Thermal Design Power (TDP)

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**NOTE:** Previous generations of the Intel® Xeon® processors are not supported on this server board.

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### 3.1.1 Intel® Xeon® Processor 5500 Series and 5600 Series

The Intel® Xeon® Processor 5500 Series and 5600 Series are new micro-architecture based on Intel 45nm and 32nm process technology. The enhancements of the Intel Xeon Processor 5500 Series and 5600 Series are a result of six major technology developments:

- New processor architecture
- Intel® QuickPath Technology
- Hyper-threading
- Intelligent power
- Turbo boost
- Integrated Memory Controller

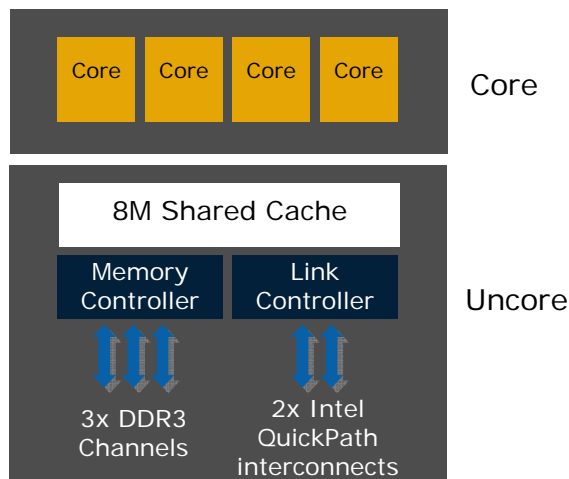
The processor supports all the existing Streaming SIMD Extensions 2 (SSE2), Streaming SIMD Extensions 3 (SSE3) and Streaming SIMD Extensions 4 (SSE4); in addition to several advanced technologies including:

- Execute Disable Bit
- Intel® Extended Memory 64 Technology (Intel® EM64T)
- Enhanced Intel SpeedStep® Technology
- Intel® Virtualization Technology (Intel® VT)
- Simultaneous Multithreading.

#### 3.1.1.1 New Processor Architecture

The Intel® Xeon® Processor 5500 Series and 5600 Series feature several new architectural innovations, including:

- A distinction between the core and “uncore” in terms of chip design
- Four distinct cores per processor
- New Level 3 shared Smart Cache
- More parallelism: 33% more micro-ops over 45nm Intel® Xeon® Processor 5400 Series
- Enhanced algorithms and branch prediction capabilities
- High bandwidth Intel® QuickPath Memory Controller: up to 25.6GB/s
- An Integrated Memory Controller



**Figure 5 Processor Architecture**

The Intel Smart Cache architecture features a new three-level hierarchy.

#### 1<sup>st</sup> Level Cache

- 32 KB instruction cache
- 32 KB data cache (which supports more L1 misses in parallel than Core 2)

#### 2<sup>nd</sup> Level Cache

- New cache introduced in the Intel® Xeon® Processor 5500 Series and 5600 Series
- Unified (holds code and data)
- 256KB per core
- **Performance:** Very low latency (new dedicated L2 cache improves performance by reducing latency to frequently used data)
- **Scalability:** As core count increases, pressure on shared cache is reduced

#### 3<sup>rd</sup> Level Cache

- Shared across all cores
- Size depends on number of cores
- Quad-core: up to 8 MB
- **Scalability:** built to vary size with varied core counts with the ability to easily increase L3 size in future parts
- Inclusive cache policy for best performance
- The data residing in L1/L2 must be present in 3rd level
- Shares memory among all cores

### 3.1.1.2 Intel® QuickPath Interconnect (Intel® QPI)

Intel® QPI is a cache-coherent, link-based interconnect specification for processor, chipset, and I/O bridge components. Intel® QPI can be used in a wide variety of desktop, mobile, and server platforms spanning IA-32 and Intel® Itanium® architectures. Intel® QPI also provides support for high-performance I/O transfer between I/O nodes. It allows connection to standard I/O buses such as PCI Express\*, PCI-X, PCI (including peer-to-peer communication support), AGP, etc., through appropriate bridges.

Each Intel® QPI link consists of 20 pairs of uni-directional differential lanes for the transmitter and receiver, plus a differential forwarded clock. A full width Intel® QPI link pair consists of 84 signals (20 differential pairs in each direction) plus a forwarded differential clock in each direction. Each Intel® Xeon® Processor 5500 Series and 5600 Series supports two Intel® QPI links, one going to the other processor and the other to the Intel® 5500 Chipset IOH.

In the current implementation, Intel® QPI ports are capable of operating at transfer rates of up to 6.4 GT/s. Intel® QPI ports operate at multiple lane widths (full - 20 lanes, half - 10 lanes, quarter - 5 lanes) independently in each direction between a pair of devices communicating via Intel® QPI. The server board supports full width communication only.

### 3.1.1.3 Intel® Hyper-Threading Technology

Intel® Hyper-Threading Technology lets you run two threads at the same time per core. This capability lets the processor take advantage of a 4-wide execution engine, effectively hiding the latency of a single thread. However, the data residing in L1/L2 *must* be present in 3rd level cache.

This is the most power efficient performance feature of the Intel® Xeon® Processor 5500 Series and 5600 Series. It's very efficient performance boost that comes at a very low die area cost. Depending on the application, it can provide significant performance benefit and is much more efficient than adding an entire core. It supports larger caches and provides for massive memory bandwidth.

### 3.1.1.4 Intel® Intelligent Power Technology

The Intel® Xeon® Processor 5500 Series and 5600 Series feature two Intel® Intelligent Power Technologies:

**Integrated Power Gates** - this feature lets individual idle cores reduce power to nearly zero independently. Core power can be controlled automatically or manually.

**Automated Low Power States** – this feature allows for more and lower CPU power states with reduced latency during transitions. Also, it now features power management on memory and I/O chip as well as the processor. This adjusts system power consumption based on real-time loads.

### 3.1.1.5 Turbo Mode

Intel® Turbo Boost Technology opportunistically and automatically allows the processor to run faster than the marked frequency if the part is operating below power, temperature, and current limits. This can result in increased performance of both multi-threaded and single threaded workloads.

Turbo boost operation:

- Operates under OS control – only entered when OS requests higher performance state (P0).
- Turbo Boost availability is independent of the number of active cores
- Max Turbo boost frequency is dependent on the number of active cores and varies by processor configuration.
- Amount of time the system spends in Turbo Boost will depend on the workload, operating environment, and platform design.
- Turbo Boost can be enabled or disabled by BIOS.

### 3.1.1.6 Integrated Memory Controller

The Intel® 5500 Chipset Series employs a new design where the memory controller, referred to as the Intel® QuickPath Memory Controller, is now embedded as part of the processor architecture.

The Intel® QuickPath Memory Controller provides up to three memory channels per processor supporting up to 32 GB/s bandwidth per memory controller. Supported memory follows the DDR3 specification and supports the following characteristics:

- 800MHz, 1066MHz and 1333MHz operating frequencies
- Single-rank (SR), dual-rank (DR) and quad-rank (QR)
- Registered DIMM (RDIMM) or Unbuffered DIMM (UDIMM)

### 3.1.2 Processor Population Rules

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**Note:** Although the server board does support dual-processor configurations consisting of different processors that meet the defined criteria below, Intel does not perform validation testing of this configuration. For optimal system performance in dual-processor configurations, Intel recommends that identical processors be installed.

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When using a single processor configuration, the processor can be installed into either CPU1 or CPU2 processor sockets.

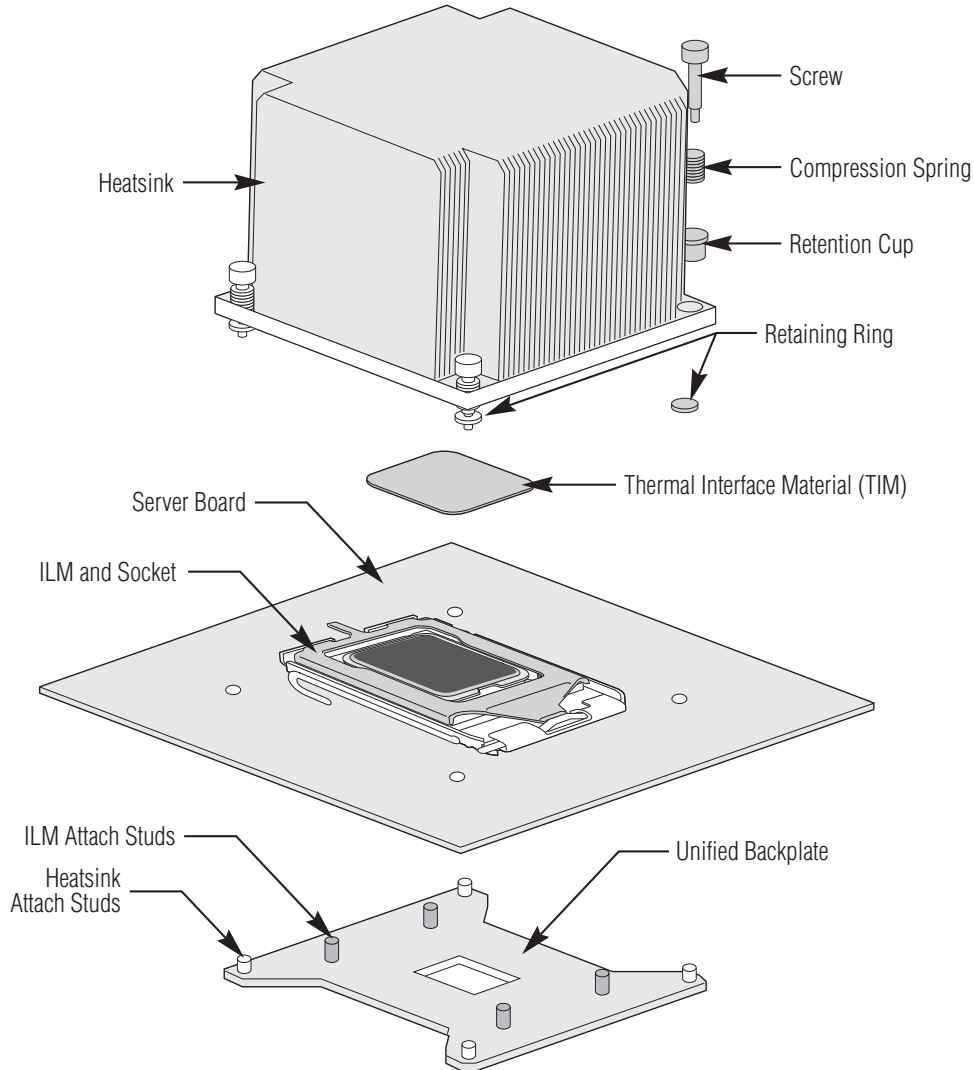
When two processors are installed, the following population rules apply:

- Both processors must have the same Intel® QuickPath Interconnect frequency
- Both processors must have the same core frequency
- Both processors must have the same internal cache sizes
- Both processors must have the same Thermal Design Power (TDP - Watts) rating
- Processor stepping within a common processor family can be mixed as long as it is listed in the processor specification updates published by Intel Corporation.

### 3.1.3 Unified Retention System Support

The server board complies with Intel's Unified Retention System (URS) and the Unified Backplate Assembly. The server board ships with a made-up assembly of Independent Loading Mechanism (ILM) and Unified Backplate for each processor socket.

The URS retention transfers load to the server board through the unified backplate assembly. The URS spring, captive in the heatsink, provides the necessary compressive load for the thermal interface material. All components of the URS heatsink solution are captive to the heatsink and only require a Philips\* screwdriver to attach to the unified backplate assembly. See the following figure for the stacking order of the URS components.



AF002699

**Figure 6. Unified Retention System and Unified Backplate Assembly**

### 3.2 Intel® QuickPath Memory Controller and Memory Subsystem

The Intel® QuickPath Memory Controller provides up to three memory channels per processor supporting up to 32 GB/s bandwidth per memory controller. Supported memory follows the DDR3 specification and supports the following characteristics:

- 800MHz, 1066MHz and 1333MHz operating frequencies
- Single-rank (SR), dual-rank (DR) and quad-rank (QR)

- Registered DIMM (RDIMM) or Unbuffered DIMM (UDIMM)
  - RDIMMs must be ECC only
  - UDIMMs can be ECC or non-ECC and can be mixed within a common configuration
  - The Channel Independent mode is the only memory RAS mode that supports non-ECC DIMMs.
  - The presence of a single non-ECC UDIMM results in the disabling of ECC functionality.
  - RDIMMs and UDIMMs cannot be mixed within a common system memory configuration

---

**Note:** Although non-ECC memory can be used on this server board, Intel does not validate and strongly discourages their use in a working server environment.

---

The following table shows the maximum memory amounts possible using RDIMM type memory:

Single Rank RDIMMs 800 MHz and 1066 MHz	48 GB (12x 4GB DIMMs)
Dual Rank RDIMMs 800 MHz and 1066 MHz	96 GB (12x 8GB DIMMs)
Quad Rank RDIMMs (1) 800 MHz only	96 GB (12x 8GB DIMMs)

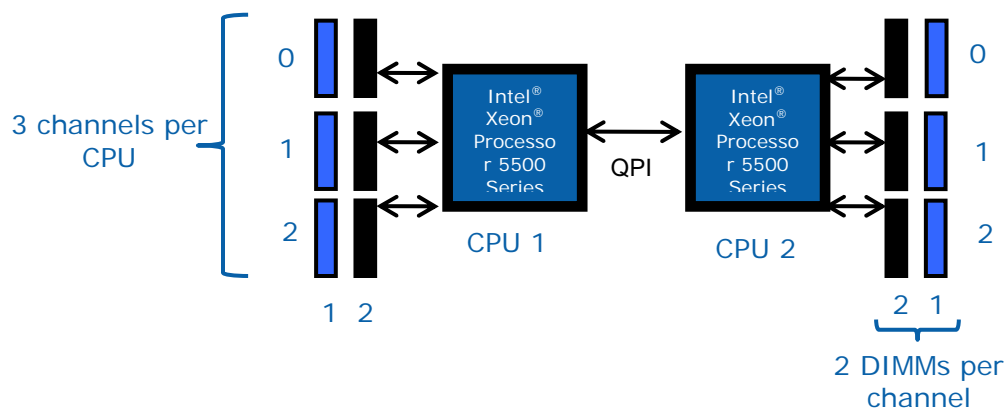
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**NOTE:** (1) Due to thermal requirements needed to support Quad Rank x4 DDR3 DIMMs, this memory type is not supported in the Intel® Server System SR1670HV. Support for this memory type should be verified with other server chassis/system manufacturers planning to support this server board.

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### 3.2.1 Intel® Server Board S5500HV Memory Support

The Intel® Server Board S5500HV provides six DIMM slots across 3 memory channels per processor, for a total of twelve DIMM slots.



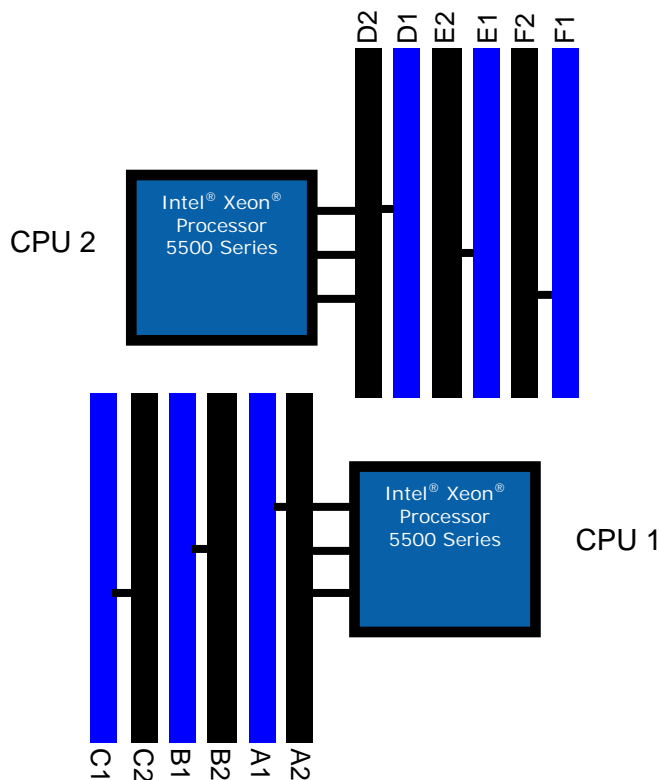
**Figure 7. Conceptual Memory Layout Diagram**

The nomenclature for DIMM slots implemented on the Intel® Server Board S5500HV is detailed in the following figure.

Processor Socket 1						Processor Socket 2					
Channel 0 (A)		Channel 1 (B)		Channel 2 (C)		Channel 0 (D)		Channel 1 (E)		Channel 2 (F)	
A1	A2	B1	B2	C1	C2	D1	D2	E1	E2	F1	F2

**Figure 8. DIMM Slot Nomenclature**

On the Intel® Server Board S5500HV the DIMM slots are identified as shown below:



**Figure 9. Intel Server Board S5500HV Memory Slot Layout**

**Note:** Memory is only populated using DIMM slots associated with a given installed processor. (e.) With only one processor installed, only the DIMM slots associated with that processor should be populated. Memory installed into DIMM slots for a processor that is not installed are non-functional.

- DIMMs are organized into physical slots on DDR3 memory channels that belong to processor sockets.
- The memory channels from processor socket 1 are identified as Channels A, B, and C. The memory channels from processor socket 2 are identified as Channels D, E, and F.

- The memory slots associated with a given processor are unavailable if the given processor socket is not populated.
- A processor may be installed without populating the associated memory slots provided a second processor is installed with associated memory. In this case, the memory is shared by the processors. However, this is not a recommended configuration due to the associated latency which will affect performance.
- Processor sockets are self-contained and autonomous. However, all memory subsystem support (i.e., Memory RAS, Error Management, etc.) in the BIOS setup are applied commonly across processor sockets.

### 3.2.1.1 Memory Population Rules

DIMM population requirements are dependent upon the number of slots per channel; the number of DIMMs installed; and rank type. When installing memory consider the following:

- Populate DIMMs by channel starting with the Blue slot farthest from the CPU
- All channels in a system will run at the fastest common frequency
- RDIMMs and UDIMMs may not be mixed
- If two 1333 MHz capable UDIMMs or RDIMMs is detected in the same channel, BIOS will flag this as a warning and force the speed down to 1066 MHz.

#### 3.2.1.1.1 Supported RDIMM configurations:

**Table 3 Supported RDIMM configurations**

DIMM Slots per Channel	DIMMs Populated per Channel	DIMM Type	Speeds	Ranks per DIMM	Population Rules
2	1	Registered DDR3 ECC	800, 1066, 1333	SR or DR	1. Any combination of x4 and x8 RDIMMs, with 1Gb or 2Gb DRAM density
2	1	Registered DDR3 ECC	800, 1066	QR Only	
2	2	Registered DDR3 ECC	800, 1066	Mixing SR, DR	
2	2	Registered DDR3 ECC	800	Mixing SR, DR, QR	

- 256 Mb, 512 Mb and 4 Gb DRAM technologies and x16 DRAM on RDIMM are NOT supported
- If a quad rank RDIMM is mixed with a single rank or dual rank DIMM on given channel, the quad rank DIMM must be populated in the lowest numbered slot.

## 3.2.1.1.2 Supported UDIMM configurations:

**Table 4 Supported UDIMM configurations**

DIMM Slots per Channel	DIMMs Populated per Channel	DIMM Type	Speeds	Ranks per DIMM	Population Rules
2	1	Unbuffered DDR3 (with or without ECC)	800, 1066, 1333	SR or DR	1. Any combination of x8 UDIMMs with 1Gb or 2Gb DRAM Density
2	2	Unbuffered DDR3 (with or without ECC)	800, 1066	Mixing SR, DR	

- 256 Mb, 512 Mb and 4 Gb DRAM technologies; x4 DRAM on UDIMM and Quad rank UDIMM are not supported
- Mixing ECC and non-ECC UDIMMs anywhere on the platform will force system to run in non-ECC mode
- No RAS support for non-ECC UDIMMs
- No x4 SDDC support with UDIMM w/ECC, however x8 SDDC is supported in lock step mode with x8 UDIMMs w/ECC

---

**Note:** Although non-ECC memory can be used on this server board, Intel does not plan to validate and strongly discourages their use in a working server environment.

---

When installing DIMMs, the following population rules should be followed to deliver best performance

- Maximize number of channels populated first
- Balanced DIMM population across channels and sockets.

**Table 5 Memory Population Table**

CPU 1 Configuration						
	DIMM_A2	DIMM_A1	DIMM_B2	DIMM_B1	DIMM_C2	DIMM_C1
1 DIMM	-	☑	-	-	-	-
2 DIMMs	-	☑	-	☑	-	-
3 DIMMs	-	☑	-	☑	-	☑
4 DIMMs	☑	☑	-	☑	-	☑
6 DIMMs	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
CPU 2 Configuration						
	DIMM_D2	DIMM_D1	DIMM_E2	DIMM_E1	DIMM_F2	DIMM_F1
1 DIMM	-	☑	-	-	-	-
2 DIMMs	-	☑	-	☑	-	-
3 DIMMs	-	☑	-	☑	-	☑
4 DIMMs	☑	☑	-	☑	-	☑
6 DIMMs	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑

With two processors installed, the system will operate if only the DIMM slots of one processor are populated. In this case, memory is shared between the two processors. However, due to the associated latency of this configuration, this is NOT a recommended operating mode.

### 3.2.1.2 Memory RAS Modes

The server board supports the following memory RAS Modes:

- Independent Channel Mode
- Mirrored Channel Mode

Mirrored Channel Mode requires that all installed DIMMs support ECC and that there be matching DIMM populations between channels. Matching DIMMs must meet the following criteria: DIMM size, DIMM organization (rank, banks, rows, columns). DIMM timings do not have to match, however, timings will be set to support all DIMMs populated.

Independent channel mode is the only memory RAS mode that supports either non-ECC or ECC DIMMs.

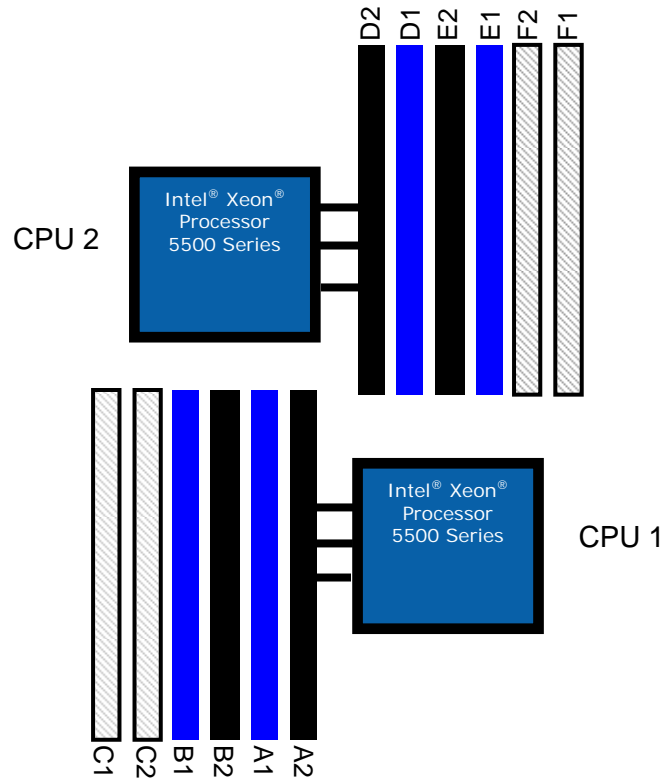
#### Independent Channel Mode

In the Channel Independent mode, channels can be populated in any order (e.g., channels B and C can be populated while channel A is empty). All three channels may be populated in any order and have no matching requirements. All channels must run at the same interface frequency, but individual channels may run at different DIMM timings (RAS latency, CAS latency, and so on).

The single channel mode is established using the Channel Independent mode by populating DIMM slots from channel A only.

## Mirrored Channel Mode

In Mirrored Channel Mode, the memory controller supports mirroring across channels, but not across CPU sockets. The contents are mirrored between the first 2 channels of a given processor. For CPU1, mirrored slot pairs include {A1, B1} and {A2, B2}. For CPU2, the mirrored slot pairs include {D1, E1} and {D2, E2}. The sockets of the 3rd channel of each CPU are not used in this mode.



**Figure 10. Mirror Channel Mode Memory Population**

Mirrored channel mode requires the following memory population rules:

- Channel 0 and Channel 1 of a given processor must be populated identically.
- DIMM slot populations within a channel do not have to be identical, but the same DIMM slot location across Channel 0 and Channel 1 must be populated the same.
  - For example; DIMM slots A1 and B1 must have identical DIMMs installed to be mirrored together. DIMM slots A2 and B2 must have identical DIMMs installed to be mirrored together. However the DIMMs used in mirrored pair {A1, B1} can be different than those used in mirrored pair {A2, B2}.
- With two processors installed, DIMM slots associated with each processor must have a valid mirroring configuration for memory channels 0 and 1. However, the memory configuration of each processor can be different from the other.
  - The exception to this rule is that one processor has no memory installed. Because of the associated latency, this is NOT a recommended operating mode.

The following table illustrates possible DIMM configurations that can be mirrored, with the following assumptions: Two processors are installed; all installed DIMMs are identical.

**Table 6. Supported Mirrored DIMM Population**

A1	A2	B1	B2	C1	C2	D1	D2	E1	E2	F1	F2	Mirroring Possible?
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>										Yes
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				Yes
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>									Yes
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				Yes
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			Yes

### 3.3 Intel® 5500 Chipset IOH

The Intel® 5500 Chipset I/O Hub (IOH) provides a connection point between various I/O components and Intel® QuickPath Interconnect (Intel® QPI) based processors. It is capable of interfacing with up to 24 PCI Express\* lanes, which can be configured in various combinations of x4, x8, x16 and limited x2 and x1 devices.

On the Intel Server Board S5500HV the IOH provides the following:

- Two Intel® QuickPath Interconnect (Intel® QPI) interfaces
- One X16 PCI Express\* Gen 2 port supporting a single PCI Express Gen2 compliant X16 riser card slot. (Compliant to the PCI Express Base Specification, Revision 2.0)
- One X4 ESI link interface to the I/O controller hub Intel® ICH10R

### 3.4 Intel® 82801Jx I/O Controller Hub (ICH10R)

The server board utilizes features of the Intel® 82801Jx I/O Controller Hub (ICH10R). Supported features include the following:

- *PCI Express\* Base Specification*, Revision 1.1 support
- *PCI Local Bus Specification*, Revision 2.3 support for 33-MHz PCI operations (supports up to four REQ#/GNT# pairs)
- *ACPI Power Management Logic Support*, Revision 3.0a
- Enhanced DMA controller, interrupt controller, and timer functions
- Integrated Serial ATA host controllers with independent DMA operation on up to four ports and AHCI support
- USB host interface with support for four USB 2.0 ports; Two external, two internal
- *System Management Bus (SMBus) Specification*, Version 2.0 with additional support for I<sup>2</sup>C devices
- Low Pin Count (LPC) interface support
- Firmware Hub (FWH) interface support
- Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) support

### 3.4.1.1 Serial ATA Support

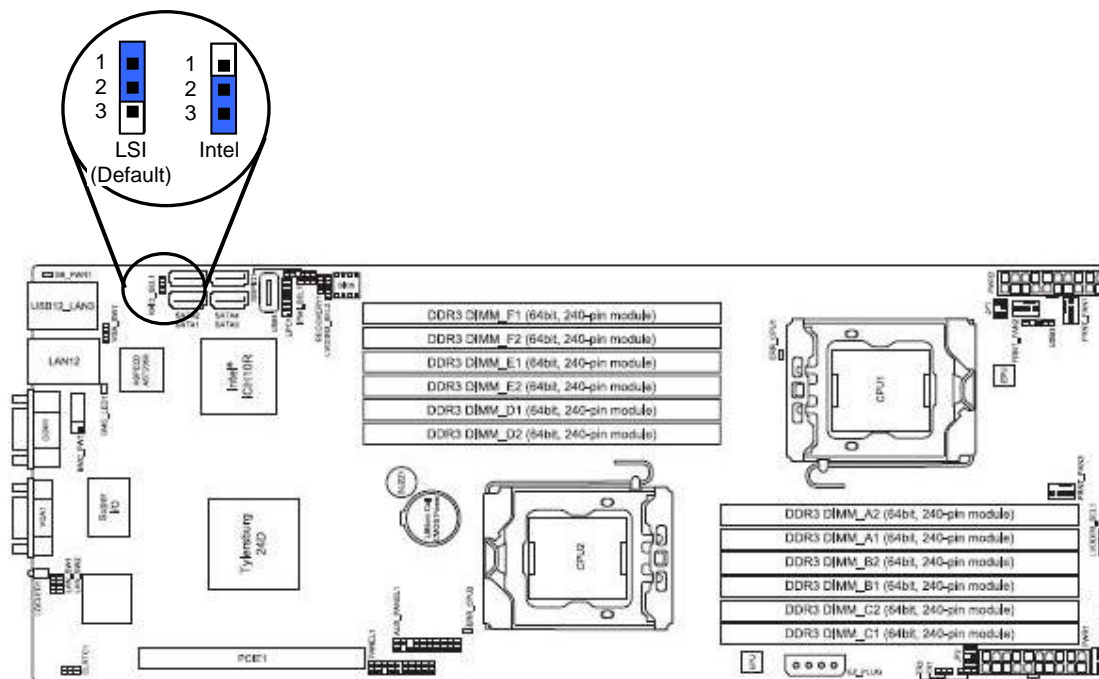
The ICH10R has an integrated Serial ATA (SATA) controller that supports independent DMA operation on four ports with data transfer rates of up to 3.0 Gb/s. The four SATA ports on the server board are numbered SATA-1 through SATA-4. The SATA ports can be enabled or disabled and/or configured by accessing the BIOS setup utility during POST.

### 3.4.1.2 Integrated RAID Support

The server board has embedded support for two RAID options:

- Intel® Matrix Storage Manager with support for RAID levels 0, 1, 5, and 10 (Windows\* support only)
- LSI\* MegaRAID (Default) with support for RAID levels 0, 1, and 10 (Windows\* and Linux)

By default the server board is configured to support the LSI\* MegaRAID option. To change this, a jumper block on the board needs to be changed. The following diagram shows the location of the jumper block and its settings.



**Figure 11. RAID Option Jumper Block**

By default, BIOS does NOT enable RAID support. To enable this feature, an option in BIOS setup must be set as described in the following procedure:

1. Enter BIOS Setup (F2 Key) during POST
2. Go to the MAIN menu > IDE Configuration, and press <Enter>
3. Set the Configure SATA As option to [RAID]
4. Save changes and then exit BIOS Setup

**Note:** Refer to *Intel® Server System SR1670HV Service Guide* for RAID setup information

### 3.4.2 USB 2.0 Support

The USB controller functionality integrated into ICH10R provides the server board with an interface for 4 USB 2.0 ports. All ports are high-speed, full-speed and low-speed capable.

- Two external connectors are located on the back edge of the server board.
- Two internal connectors (A-Type USB 4, 5x1 header USB 3) allow for optional USB support

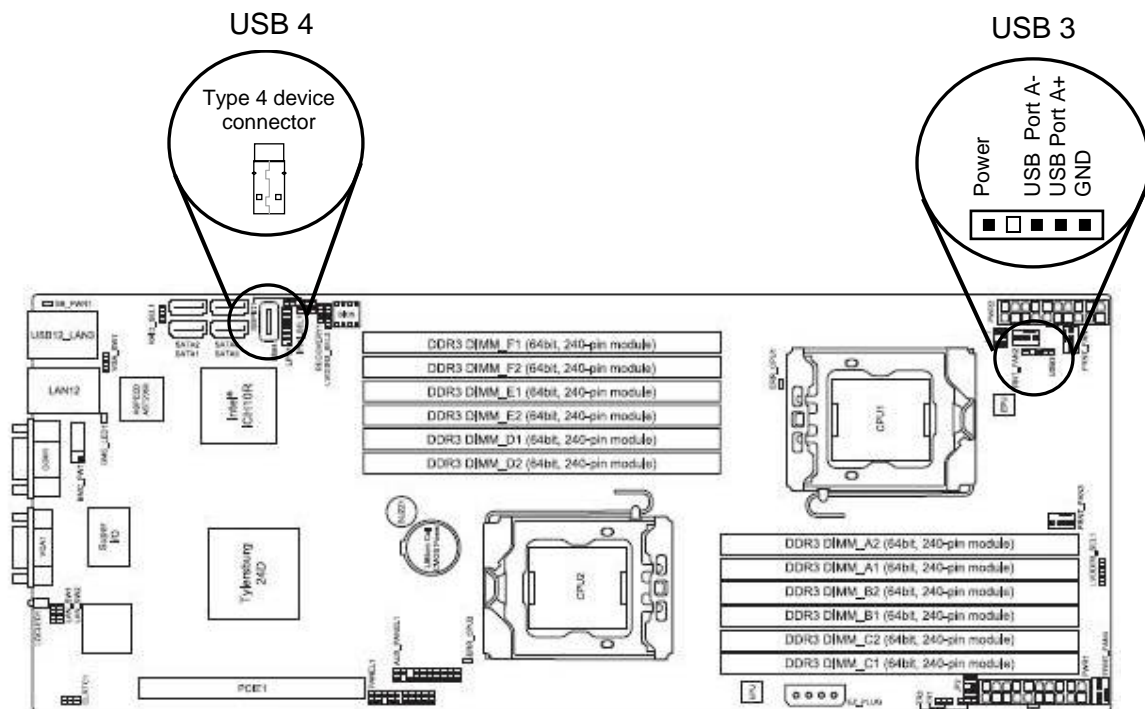


Figure 12. Internal USB Port Locations

### 3.4.3 Keyboard and Mouse Support

The server board does not support PS/2 interface keyboards and mice. However, the system BIOS recognizes USB specification-compliant keyboard and mice.

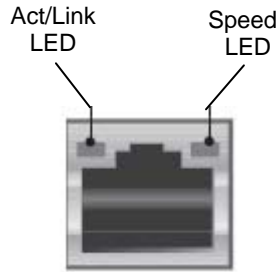
## 3.5 Network Interface Controller (NIC)

This server board supports two external Gigabit Ethernet ports in a stacked housing on the back edge of the server board. The network interface is provided using two on-board Intel® 82574L Gigabit Ethernet Controllers supporting 10/100/1000 Mbps operation.

The Intel® 82574L device provides MDI (copper) standard IEEE 802.3 Ethernet interface for 1000BASE-T, 100BASE-TX, and 10BASE-T applications (802.3, 802.3u, and 802.3ab).

Each network interface controller (NIC) drives two status LEDs located on each external network interface connector. The activity/link LED (at the left of the connector) indicates network connection when on, and transmit/receive activity when blinking. The speed LED (at the right of

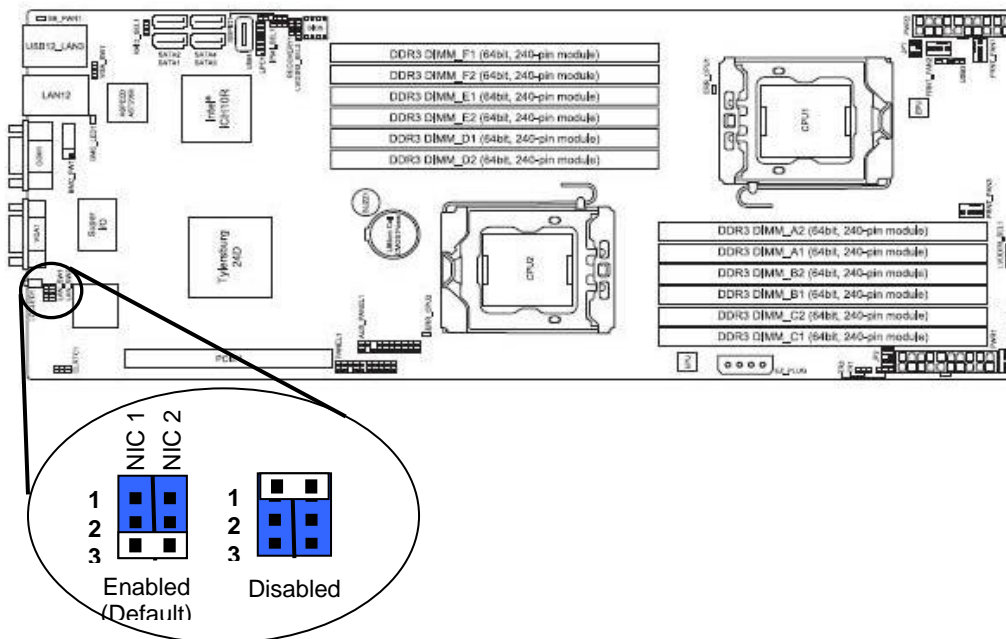
the connector) indicates 1000-Mbps operation when green, 100-Mbps operation when orange, and 10-Mbps when off. The following table provides an overview of the LEDs.



**Table 7. NIC Status LEDs**

Act/Link LED		Speed LED	
Status	Description	Status	Description
OFF	No Link	OFF	10 Mbps connection
<b>GREEN</b>	Linked	<b>ORANGE</b>	100 Mbps connection
<b>BLINKING</b>	Data Activity	<b>GREEN</b>	1000 Mbps connection

Each LAN port can be enabled (default) or disabled via a jumper block, identified in the following diagram.



**Figure 13. NIC Enable/Disabled Jumper Block**

### 3.6 ASPEED\* AST2050 Graphics and Remote Management Processor

This server board utilizes the graphics and baseboard management features of the ASPEED\* AST2050 Graphics and Remote Management Processor. Features utilized include:

- Embedded 2D VGA Controller
- Baseboard Management Controller
- 10/100 Mbps MAC (option)

#### 3.6.1 Video Support

Video support on this server board is provided using the video controller features embedded in the ASPEED\* AST2050. Video support includes a 2D VGA controller capable of supporting video resolutions up to and including 1600x1200@60Hz 16bpp.

The video is accessed using a standard 15-pin VGA connector found on the back edge of the server board. The on-board video controller can be enabled (default) or disabled via a jumper on the baseboard, identified in the following diagram:

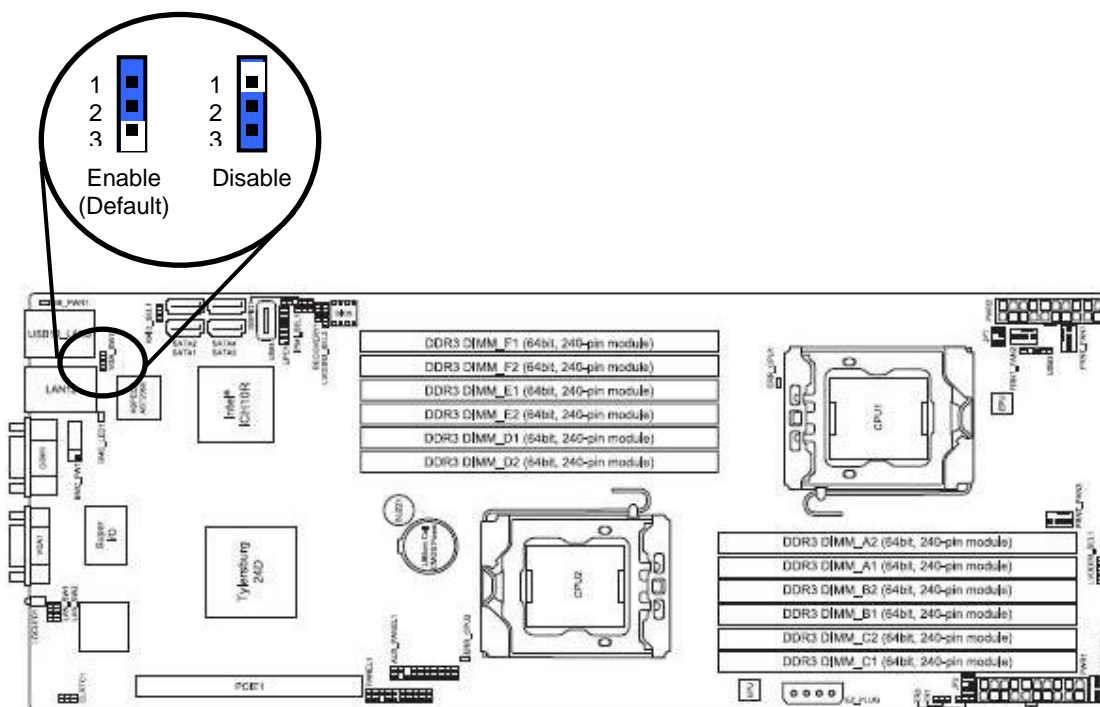


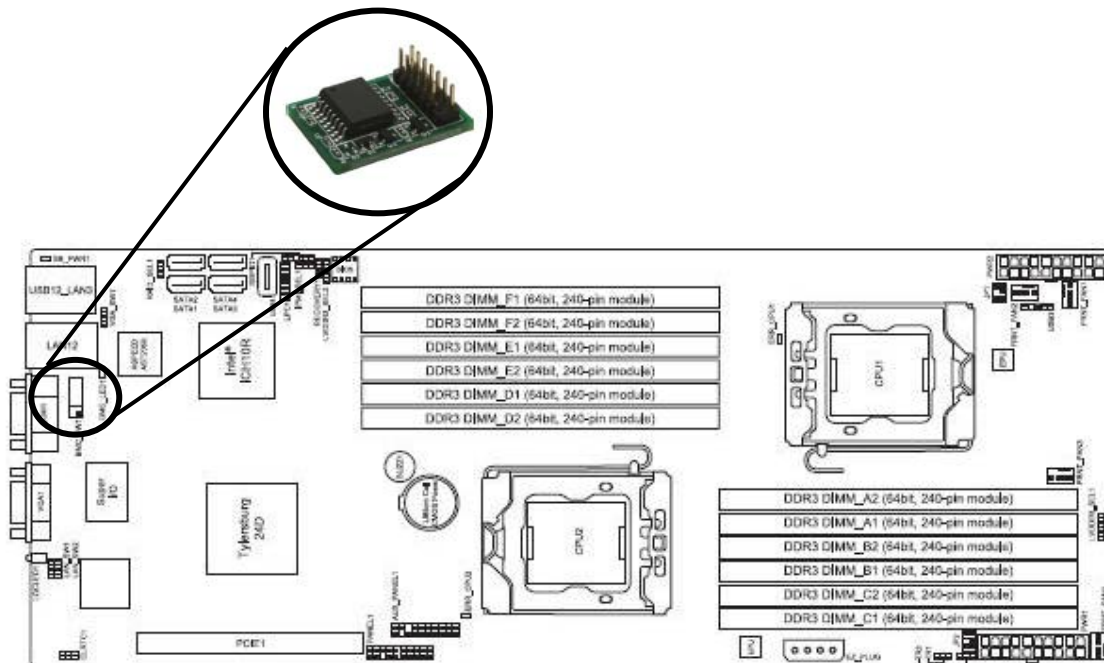
Figure 14. Video Enable/Disable Jumper Block

#### 3.6.2 Baseboard Management Controller & BMC Module

This server board uses the Baseboard Management Controller feature of the ASPEED AST2050 along with a Winbond\* 83795ADG hardware monitoring chip to monitor various server board sensors including Processor Temp, Fan Tach, and DC Voltages. Sensor data can be accessed in-band with or without the included Baseboard Management Module. For out-of-band access to this sensor data, the included Baseboard Management Module must be installed.

### 3.6.2.1 Baseboard Management Module

The server board includes an IPMI 2.0/1.5 compliant Baseboard Management Module which provides support for out-of-band system access.



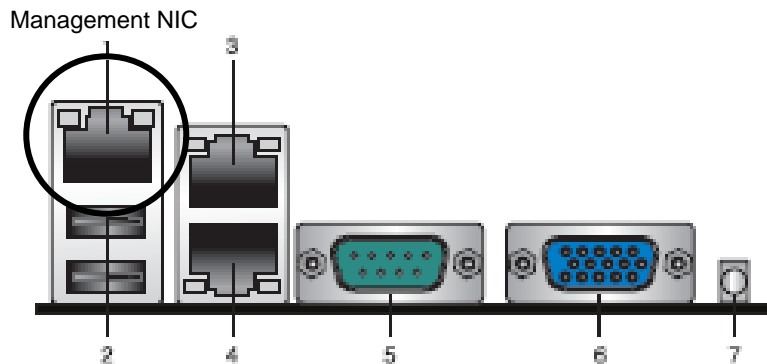
**Figure 15. Baseboard Management Module**

Additional features of the BMC Module include the following:

- IPMI 2.0
- Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) support
- Secure Socket Layer (SSL) support
- Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) support
- Telnet Access, SSH support
- SMASH CLP support
- ARC support
- Remote Monitor support
- Remote Re-Direct (SOL for Text Mode only)
- Remote Update Firmware support
- Remote CMOS Setting (Text Mode SOL)
- Automatic System Recovery (ASR) by watchdog timer
- Remote Reboot
- Remote Power On/Off
- PEF Configuration
- SMTP (Email) support
- Platform Event Trap (PET) support

### 3.6.2.2 Management NIC

The server board provides Serial-Over-LAN support via a dedicated 10/100 Mbps Management NIC. The management port is located on the back edge of the server board in a stacked housing over the USB ports as shown in the following diagram.



**Figure 16. Management NIC**

---

**Note:** The Management NIC is only enabled with the BMC Module installed.

---

## 4. Platform Management

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The platform management subsystem consists of several components of the server board including the embedded BMC features of the ASPEED\* 2050, Winbond\* 83795ADG hardware monitoring chip, BMC Module, on-board sensors, BIOS and Firmware. Together these components provide several platform management features including:

---

**Note:** The following feature list is only supported with the BMC Module installed.

---

- In-band/Out-of-Band Sensor monitoring
- PMBus support
- PSMI support
- PET
- SNMP Trap
- E-Mail Notification
- Fan Control
- Error Handling and Reporting
- IPMI 2.0 support
  - System Interface (KCS)
  - LAN Interface (support RMCP+)
  - System Event Log (SEL)
  - Sensor Data Records (SDR)
  - Field Replaceable Unit (FRU)
  - Remote Power on/off, reboot
  - Serial Over LAN (SOL)
  - Authentication Type: RAKP-HMAC\_SHA1
  - Encryption (AES)
  - Platform Event Filtering (PEF)
  - Platform Event Trap (PET)
  - Watchdog Timer

See also the *IPMI 2.0 Specification*.

## 4.1 System Fan Control

The server board provides four 4-pin system fan connectors.

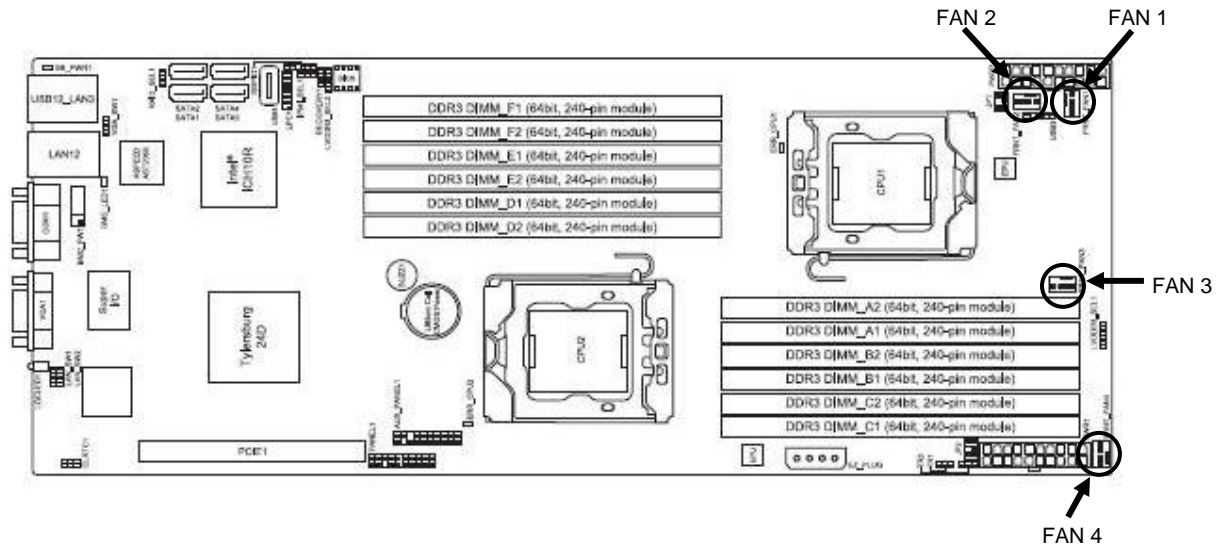


Figure 17. System Fan Connector Locations

Each system fan connector has the following pin-out definition:

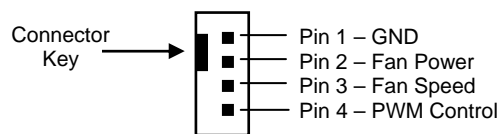


Figure 18. System Fan Connector Pin-out Definition

The fan speed for all the system fans is controlled by a single pulse width modulator (PWM) and monitored by the BMC. BIOS setup provides two fan speed options: *Full Speed Mode* & *High Density Mode*.

In *Full Speed Mode*, system fans will only operate at highest fan speed, providing maximum air flow.

In *High Density Mode*, fan speed is controlled, allowing for a quieter system. At nominal CPU temperatures, the fan speeds will operate at 50% of maximum. As CPU temperatures rise, the fan speeds will gradually increase to a maximum 100%. As CPU temperatures fall, fan speeds will automatically readjust to a lower speed.

## 4.2 On-board/System Sensor Information

The server board includes many on-board sensors which are monitored by the BMC for various server management functions.

The following tables list the sensor identification numbers and information about the sensor type, name, supported thresholds, assertion and de-assertion information. See the *Intelligent Platform Management Interface Specification, Version 2.0*, for sensor and event/reading-type table information.

- **Sensor Type**

The Sensor Type values are the values enumerated in the *Sensor Type Codes* table in the IPMI specification. The Sensor Type provides the context in which to interpret the sensor, such as the physical entity or characteristic that is represented by this sensor.

- **Event/Reading Type**

The Event/Reading Type values are from the *Event/Reading Type Code Ranges* and *Generic Event/Reading Type Codes* tables in the IPMI specification. Digital sensors are a specific type of discrete sensor, which have only two states.

- **Event Offset/Triggers**

Event Thresholds are event-generating thresholds for threshold types of sensors.

- [u,l][nr,c,nc]: upper non-recoverable, upper critical, upper non-critical, lower non-recoverable, lower critical, lower non-critical
- uc, lc: upper critical, lower critical

Event Triggers are supported event-generating offsets for discrete type sensors. The offsets can be found in the *Generic Event/Reading Type Codes* or *Sensor Type Codes* tables in the IPMI specification, depending on whether the sensor event/reading type is generic or a sensor-specific response.

- **MLED**

The MLED column indicates whether a particular sensor reading will trigger the Message LED located on the system front panel to illuminate or not.

**Table 8. System Sensors**

System Sensor Table					
No	Sensor Name	Sensor Type	Sensor Type code	Event Type	MLED
30h	Reserved				
31h	CPU1 Temperature	Temperature	01h 01h 01h 01h 01h 01h 01h 01h 01h 01h 01h 01h 01h 01h 01h	Threshold (01h) 00h:Lower Non-critical - going low 01h:Lower Non-critical - going high 02h:Lower Critical - going low 03h:Lower Critical - going high 04h:Lower Non-recoverable - going low 05h:Lower Non-recoverable - going high 06h:Upper Non-critical - going low 07h:Upper Non-critical - going high 08h:Upper Critical - going low 09h:Upper Critical - going high 0Ah:Upper Non-recoverable - going low 0Bh:Upper Non-recoverable - going high UC, UNC	UC
32h	CPU2 Temperature	Temperature	01h	Threshold (01h) UC, UNC	UC
cch	TR1 Temperature	Temperature	01h	Threshold (01h) UC, UNC	UC
cdh	TR2 Temperature	Temperature	01h	Threshold (01h) UC, UNC	UC
34h	VCORE1	Voltage	02h	Threshold (01h) UC, UNC, LC, LNC	UC, LC
35h	VCORE2	Voltage	02h	Threshold (01h) UC, UNC, LC, LNC	UC, LC
36h	+3.3V	Voltage	02h	Threshold (01h) UC, UNC, LC, LNC	UC, LC
37h	+5V	Voltage	02h	Threshold (01h) UC, UNC, LC, LNC	UC, LC
38h	+12V	Voltage	02h	Threshold (01h) UC, UNC, LC, LNC	UC, LC
39h	+1.5V_ICH	Voltage	02h	Threshold (01h) UC, UNC, LC, LNC	UC, LC
3ah	+1.1V_IOH	Voltage	02h	Threshold (01h) UC, UNC, LC, LNC	UC, LC
3bh	+5VSB	Voltage	02h	Threshold (01h) UC, UNC, LC, LNC	UC, LC
3ch	VBAT	Voltage	02h	Threshold (01h) UC, UNC, LC, LNC	UC, LC
3dh	P1VTT	Voltage	02h	Threshold (01h) UC, UNC, LC, LNC	UC, LC
3eh	+1.5V_P1DDR3	Voltage	02h	Threshold (01h) UC, UNC, LC, LNC	UC, LC
3fh	P2VTT	Voltage	02h	Threshold (01h) UC, UNC, LC, LNC	UC, LC
40h	+3.3VSB	Voltage	02h	Threshold (01h) UC, UNC, LC, LNC	UC, LC
41h	+1.5V_P2DDR3	Voltage	02h	Threshold (01h) UC, UNC, LC, LNC	UC, LC
4Fh	Chassis Intrusion			Discrete (6Fh) 01h: General Chassis Intrusion, 02h: Drive Bay Intrusion	

**Table 9. LED/Power Module Sensors**

LED/Power Module Sensor Table					
No	Sensor Name	Sensor Type	Sensor Type code	Event Type	MLED
53h	Message LED	OEM Message LED	C0h	Read sensor 0: off, 1:on	
54h	Locate LED	OEM Locate LED	C0h	Read sensor 0: off, 1:on	

**Table 10. Backplane Sensors**

Backplane 1 Sensor Table					
No	Sensor Name	Sensor Type	Sensor Type code	Event Type	MLED
68h	Backplane1 HD1	Drive Slot	0Dh	Discrete (6Fh) 01h: Drive Presence, 02h: Drive Fault	
69h	Backplane1 HD2	Drive Slot	0Dh	Discrete (6Fh) 01h: Drive Presence, 02h: Drive Fault	
6Ah	Backplane1 HD3	Drive Slot	0Dh	Discrete (6Fh) 01h: Drive Presence, 02h: Drive Fault.	
6Bh	Backplane1 HD4	Drive Slot	0Dh	Discrete (6Fh) 01h: Drive Presence, 02h: Drive Fault.	

**Table 11. Power Module Sensors**

Power Module Sensor Table					
No	Sensor Name	Sensor Type	Sensor Type code	Event Type	MLED
90h	PSU1 PSON	Power Supply	08h	Discrete (6Fh) 01h: Presence detected 02h: Power Supply Failure detected	
91h	PSU1 PWRGOOD	Power Supply	08h	Discrete (6Fh) 01h: Presence detected 02h: Power Supply Failure detected	
92h	PSU1 Over Temp	Temperature	01h	Discrete (07h) 01h: Transition to OK 02h: Transition to Non-Critical from OK 04h: Transition to Critical from less severe	
93h	PSU1 FAN Low	FAN	04h	Discrete (07h) 01h: Transition to OK 02h: Transition to Non-Critical from OK	
94h	PSU1 AC Lost	Power Supply	<b>08h</b>	Discrete (6Fh) 01h: Presence detected 08h: Power Supply input lost (AC/DC)	

**Table 12. System Fan Sensors**

Fan Sensor Table					
No	Sensor Name	Sensor Type	Sensor Type code	Event Type	MLED
A2h	FRNT_FAN1	Fan	04h	LC, LNC	
A3h	FRNT_FAN2	Fan	04h	Threshold (01h)	
A4h	FRNT_FAN3	Fan	04h	LC, LNC	
A5h	FRNT_FAN4	Fan	04h	Threshold (01h)	

**Table 13. FRU Sensors**

FRU Sensor Table					
No	FRU Name	FRU Type	SDR Type code	FRI ID	
	MB FRU	MB FRU	11h	FRU ID=0Ah	

### 4.3 Error Handling and Messaging

BIOS has the ability to generate many possible error messages and BIOS initialization checkpoints during the POST process. The following table provides a description for each possible BIOS generated error message and checkpoint:

---

**Note:** Some of the listed error messages and checkpoints may not be supported on this server board.

---

**Table 14. BIOS Error Messages and Checkpoints**

Message Displayed	Message Description
<b>Memory</b>	
Invalid Memory Configuration on CPU1	When CPU1 is not installed, this message will occur when DIMMs are populated in any of the DIMM slots associated with CPU-1
Invalid Memory Configuration on CPU2	When CPU2 is not installed, this message will occur when DIMMs are populated in any of the DIMM slots associated with CPU-2
Parity Error	Fatal memory parity error has been detected. System will halt after displaying this message
<b>Storage Devices</b>	
SATA Port-1 Device Error	Failed SATA Device detected on SATA Port-1
SATA Port-2 Device Error	Failed SATA Device detected on SATA Port-2
SATA Port-3 Device Error	Failed SATA Device detected on SATA Port-3
SATA Port-4 Device Error	Failed SATA Device detected on SATA Port-4
SMART capable but command failed	The BIOS tried to send a SMART message to a hard disk, but the command transaction failed. This message can be reported by an ATAPI device using the SMART error reporting standard. SMART failure messages may indicate the need to replace the hard disk
SMART Command Failed	The BIOS tried to send a SMART message to a hard disk, but the command transaction failed. This message can be reported by an ATAPI device using the SMART error reporting standard. SMART failure messages may indicate the need to replace the hard disk
SMART Status Bad, Backup	A SMART capable hard disk sends this message when it detects an imminent

Message Displayed	Message Description
and Replace	failure. This message can be reported by an ATAPI device using the SMART error reporting standard. SMART failure messages may indicate the need to replace the hard disk.
SMART capable and status BAD	A SMART capable hard disk sends this message when it detects an imminent failure. This message can be reported by an ATAPI device using the SMART error reporting standard. SMART failure messages may indicate the need to replace the hard disk.
System Configuration	
DMA-1 Error	Error initializing primary DMA controller. This is a fatal error often indicating a problem with system hardware
DMA-2 Error	Error initializing primary DMA controller. This is a fatal error often indicating a problem with system hardware
DMA Controller Error	POST error while trying to initialize the DMA controller. This is a fatal error often indicating a problem with system hardware
Checking NVRAM... Update Failed	BIOS could not write to the NVRAM block. This message appears when the FLASH part is write protected or if there is no FLASH part present.
Unknown CPU is detected, updating BIOS is required to unleash its full power!	BIOS could not find or load the CPU microcode update for the CPU detected.
Resource Conflict	More than one system device is trying to use the same non-shareable resources (memory or I/O)
PCI I/O Conflict	A PCI adapter generated an I/O resource conflict when configured by BIOS POST
PCI ROM Conflict	A PCI adapter generated an I/O resource conflict when configured by BIOS POST
PCI IRQ Conflict	A PCI adapter generated an I/O resource conflict when configured by BIOS POST
Timer Error	Indicates an error while programming the count register of channel 2 of the 8254 timer. This may indicate a problem with system hardware
Interrupt Controller-1 Error	BIOS POST could not initialize the Master Interrupt Controller. This may indicate a problem with system hardware
Interrupt Controller-2 Error	BIOS POST could not initialize the Slave Interrupt Controller. This may indicate a problem with system hardware
CMOS	
CMOS Date/Time Not Set	The CMOS Date and/or Time are invalid. This error can be resolved by resetting the system time in BIOS Setup
CMOS Battery Low	CMOS battery is low. This message usually indicates that the CMOS battery needs to be replaced.
CMOS Settings Wrong	CMOS settings are invalid. This error can be resolved by resetting and saving options in BIOS setup.
CMOS Checksum Bad	CMOS contents failed the checksum check. Indicates that the CMOS data has been changed by a program other than the BIOS or that the CMOS is not retaining its data due to a malfunction. This error can typically be resolved by resetting and saving options in BIOS Setup.
Miscellaneous	
Chassis Intrusion Detected	This message will occur when a chassis intrusion switch has triggered a chassis intrusion event
Serial Port Component was not detected	This message will occur when the serial redirection feature is enabled but no serial port is available.
Boot Block Initialization Code Checkpoints	
D0	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. go to flat mode with 4GB limit and GA20 enabled</li> <li>2. Initialize CAR function</li> <li>3. Initialize CPU</li> </ol>

Message Displayed	Message Description
D1	1. Initialize KBC and RTC
D2	1. Check BIOS Checksum
D3	1. Initialize IOH 2. Initialize ICH10 3. Initialize SIO 4. Initialize IPMI 5. Initialize Intel RC code
D4	Test base 512KB memory. Adjust policies and cache first 8MB. Set stack
D5	Boot block code is copied from ROM to lower system memory and control is given to it. BIOS now executes out of RAM
D6	Both key sequence and OEM specific method is checked to determine if BIOS recovery is forced. Main BIOS checksum is tested. If BIOS recovery is necessary, control flows to checkpoint E0.
D7	Restore CPUID value back into register. The Boot block runtime interface module is moved to system memory and control is given to it. Determine whether to execute serial flash
D8	The runtime module is uncompressed into memory. CPUID information is stored in memory.
D9	Store the uncompressed pointer for future use in PMM. Copying main BIOS into memory.
DA	Restore CPUID value back into register. Give control to BIOS POST.
Boot Block Recovery Code Checkpoints	
E0	Initialize the floppy controller in the super IO. DMA controller is initialized. 8259 interrupt controller is initialized. L1 cache is enabled.
E9	Set up floppy controller and data. Attempt to read from floppy
EA	Enable ATAPI hardware. Attempt to read from ARMD and ATAPI CDROM
EB	Disable ATAPI hardware. Jump back to checkpoint E9
EF	Read error occurred on media. Jump back to checkpoint EB
E9 or EA	Determine information about root directory of recovery media
F0	Search for pre-defined recovery file name in root directory
F1	Recovery file not found
F2	Start reading FAT table and analyze FAT to find the clusters occupied by the recovery file
F3	Start reading the recovery file cluster by cluster
F5	Disable L1 cache
FA	Check the validity of the recovery file configuration to the current configuration of the flash part
FB	Make flash write enabled. Detect proper flash part. Verify that the found flash part size equals the recovery file size
F4	The recovery file size does not equal the found flash part size
FC	Erase the flash part
FD	Program the flash part
FF	The flash has been updated successfully. Make flash write disabled. Disable ATAPI hardware. Restore CPUID value back into register
Post Code Checkpoints	
03	Disable NMI, Parity, video for EGA and DMA controllers. Initialize BIOS, POST, Runtime Data area. Also initialize BIOS Modules on POST entry and GPNV area.
04	Check CMOS diagnostic byte to determine if battery power is OK and CMOS

Message Displayed	Message Description
	checksum is OK.
05	Initializes the interrupt controlling hardware (generally PIC) and interrupt vector table
06	Do R/W test to CH-2 count reg. Initialize CH-0 as system timer. Install the POST INT1Ch handler. Enable IRQ-0 in PIC for system timer interrupt. Traps INT1Ch vector to POST INT1Ch handler block
08	Initializes the CPU. The BAT test is being done on KBC. Program the keyboard controller command byte is being done after auto detection of KB/MS
C0	Early CPU init start – disable cache – init local APIC
C1	Setup boot strap processor information
C2	Setup boot strap processor for POST
C5	Enumerate and set up application processors
C6	Re-enable cache for boot strap processor
C7	Early CPU init exit
0A	Initializes the 8042 compatible key board controller
0B	Detects the presence of PS/2 mouse
0C	Detects the presence of keyboard in KBC port
0E	Testing and initialization of different input devices. Also update the kernel variables. Traps the INT09h vector so that the POST INT09h handler gets control for IRQ1. Uncompress all available language, BIOS logo, and silent logo modules
13	Early POST initialization of chipset registers.
20	Initialize system management interrupt
24	Uncompress and initialize any platform specific BIOS modules
2A	Initializes different devices through DIM.
2C	Initializes different devices. Detects and initializes video adapter installed in the system that have option ROMs
2E	Initializes all the output devices
31	Allocate memory for ADM module and uncompress itl. Give control to ADM module for initialization. Initialize language and font modules for ADM. Activate ADM module.
33	Initializes the silent boot module. Set the window for displaying text information
37	Display sign-on message, CPU information, setup key message, and OEM specific information
38	Initializes different devices through DIM.
39	Initializes DMAC-1 & DMAC-2
3A	Initialize RTC date/time
3B	Test for total memory installed in the system. Also check for DEL or ESC keys to limit memory test. Display total memory in the system.
3C	Mid POST initialization of chipset registers
40	Detect different devices successfully installed in the system and update the BDA, EBDA... etc.
50	Programming the memory hole or any kind of implementation that needs an adjustment in system RAM size if needed.
60	Initializes NUM-LOCK status and programs the KBD typematic rate
75	Initialize int-13 and prepare for IPL detection
78	Initializes IPL devices controlled by BIOS and option ROMs
84	Log errors encountered during POST
85	Display errors to the user and gets the user response for error
87	Execute BIOS Setup if needed/requested

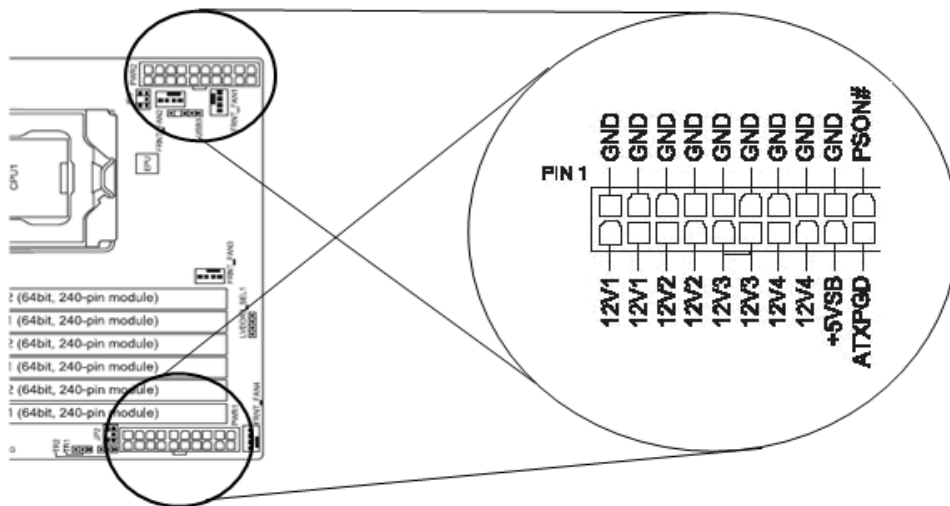
Message Displayed	Message Description
8D	Build ACPI tables (if ACPI is supported)
8C	Late POST initialization of chipset registers.
8E	Program the peripheral parameters. Enable/Disable NMI as needed.
90	Late POST initialization of system management interrupt
A1	Clean-up work needed before booting to OS
A2	Takes care of runtime image preparation for different BIOS modules. Fill the free area in F00h segment with 0FFh. Initializes the Microsoft* IRQ routing table. Prepares the runtime language module. Disables the system configuration display if needed.
A4	Initialize runtime language module
A7	Displays the system configuration screen if enabled. Initialize the CPUs before boot, which includes the programming of MTRR's
A9	Wait for user input at config display if needed
AA	Uninstall POST INT1Ch vector and INT09h vector. Deinitializes the ADM module
AB	Prepare BBS for Int 19 boot
AC	End of POST initialization of chipset registers
B1	Save system context for ACPI
00	Passes control to OS Loader (typically INT19h)
ACPI Runtime Checkpoints	
AC	First ASL check point. Indicates the system is running in ACPI mode.
AA	System is running in ACPI Mode
01, 02, 03, 04, 05	Entering sleep state S1, S2, S3, S4, or S5
10, 20, 30, 40, 50	Waking from sleep state S1, S2, S3, S4, or S5
BIOS Beep Codes	
1 long beep and 2 short beeps	No Memory Available
1 long beep and 3 short beeps	No Video Available

## 5. Connector/Header Locations and Pin-outs

The following section provides detailed information regarding all connectors and headers on the server board.

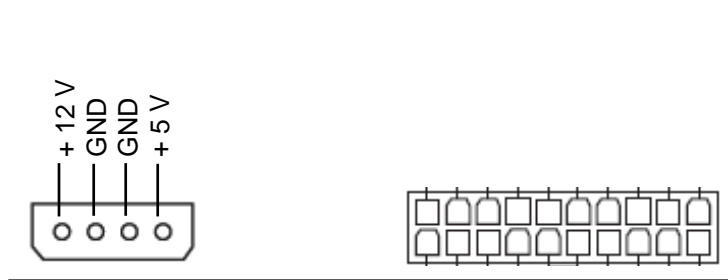
### 5.1 Power Connectors

The server board provides dual 20-pin ATX Main Power connectors. Both connectors have identical pin-outs and are not used concurrently.



**Figure 19. 20-pin ATX Main Power Connector Pin-out and Location**

The server board provides a 4-pin peripheral power connector. This connector can supply power as needed to add-in peripheral devices such as hard drives or optical drives. This connector has the following pin-out and board location:



**Figure 20. 4-pin Peripheral Power Connector Pin-out and Location**

### 5.2 Serial ATA Connectors

The server board provides four red Serial ATA (SATA) connectors numbered SATA-1 thru SATA-4. The pin-out and location of each is shown below.

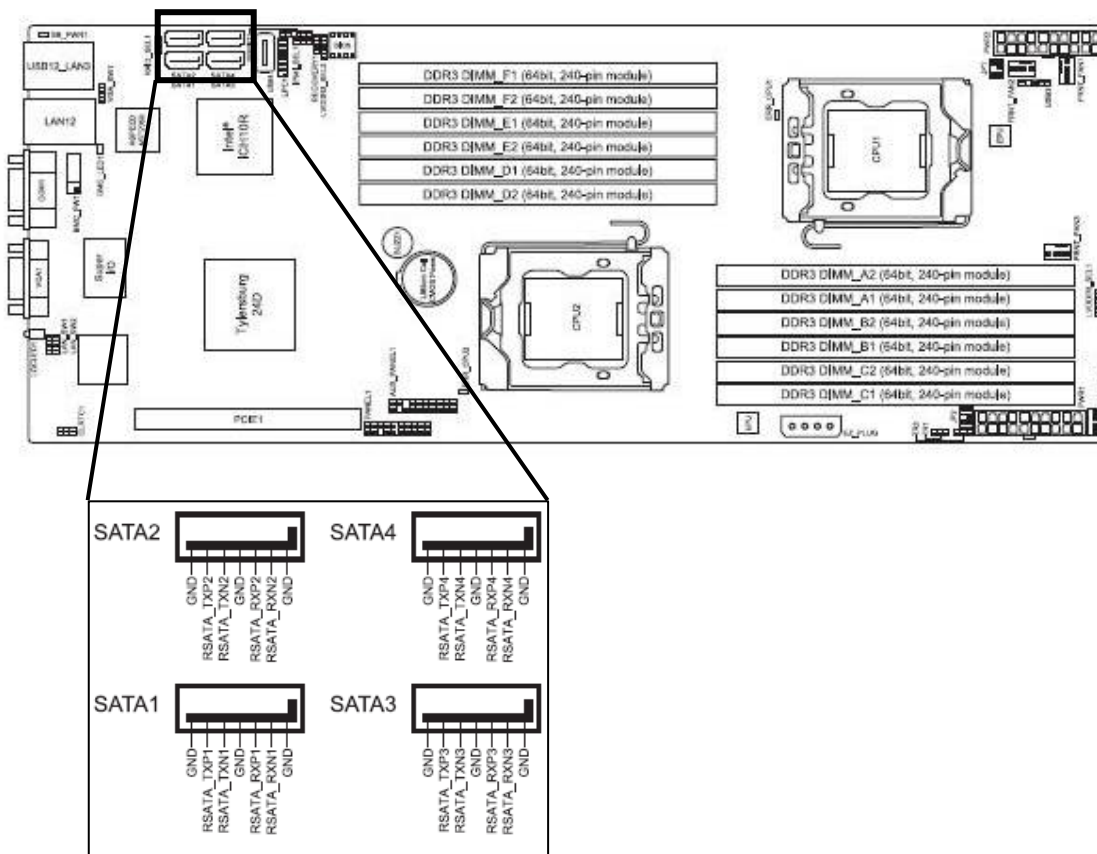


Figure 21. SATA Connector Location and Pin-out

### 5.3 Front Panel Headers

The server board provides two front panel headers, each supporting different platform control Button and LED options. Pin-out definitions for each are described below.

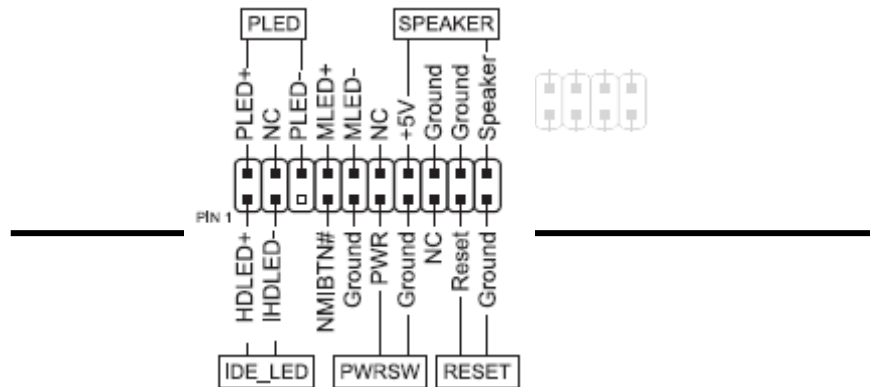


Figure 22. Front Panel Header Location and Pin-out

### System Power LED (3-pin PLED)

This 3-pin connector is used to support a front panel system power LED. The LED is illuminated solid when power is turned on, and will blink when the system enters a sleep mode.

### Message LED (2-pin MLED)

This 2-pin connector is used to support a front panel message LED. The message LED is controlled by system monitoring hardware and will indicate an abnormal system event has occurred.

### System Warning Speaker (4-pin SPEAKER)

This 4-pin connector can be used for an optional front panel mounted speaker. The speaker is used for BIOS generated beep codes which identify that a specific system event has occurred.

### Hard Disk Drive Activity LED (2-pin HDDLED)

This 2-pin connector is used to support a front panel HDD activity LED. The HDD LED is illuminated each time data is written to or read from one of the attached on-board SATA hard disks.

### Power Button/Sleep Button (2-pin PWRSW)

This connector is used to support a front panel power on/off button or can be used to place the system into an ACPI sleep mode. Pressing the power button while the system is in a powered down state will turn the system on. With an operating system running, and depending on how it is setup, pressing the power button may put the system into an ACPI sleep state. Pressing and holding the power button in for four seconds while a system is powered on, will power the system off.

### Reset Button (2-pin RESET)

This 2-pin connector is used to support a front panel reset button. Pressing this button while the system is running will cause the system to cold reboot.

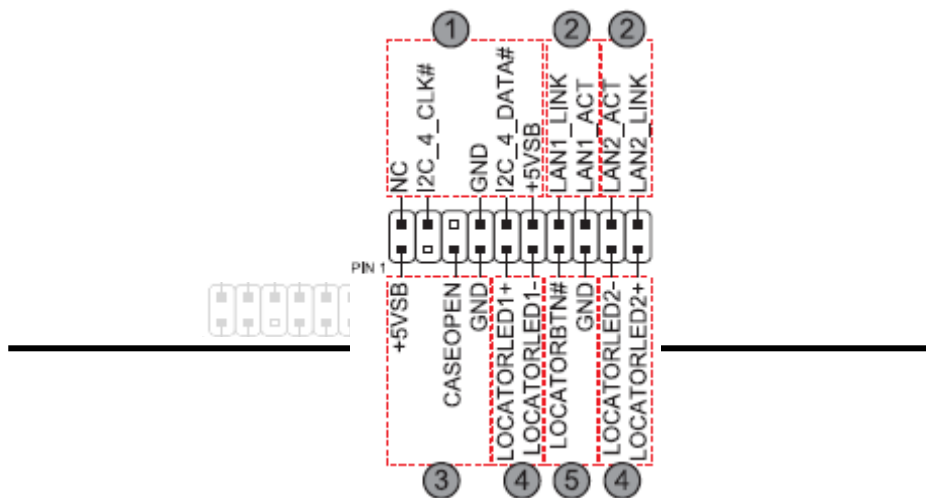


Figure 23. AUX Front Panel Header Location and Pinout

#### 1. Front Panel SMB (1x6 pin FPSMB)

These pins can be used to support a front panel SMB connection.

#### 2. LAN Activity LED (2-pin LAN1\_LED, LAN2\_LED)

These pins can be used to support front panel LAN activity LEDs for onboard LAN ports 1 and 2

### 3. Chassis Intrusion Switch (1x4 pin CHASSIS)

These pins can be used to support an optional chassis intrusion switch. When a chassis cover is removed, the sensor triggers a high level signal to these pins to record a chassis intrusion event. The default setting is to short by jumper the CASEOPEN and GND pins, which in effect disables this function.

### 4. System ID LED (2-pin LOCATORLED1 and 2-pin LOCATORLED2)

These pins can be used to support Chassis ID LEDs. The LEDs will illuminate when the System ID Button is pushed.

### 5. System ID Button (2-pin LOCATORBTN)

These pins can be used to support a front panel System ID Button. Pushing this button will change the state of the System ID LED(s): Off -> On, On -> Off.

## 5.4 System Management Headers

### 5.4.1 SGPIO Header

The server board provides a Serial General Purpose Input/Output (SGPIO) connector which can be used to drive SATA LEDs when utilizing the embedded LSI\* MegaRAID or Intel® Matrix RAID options.

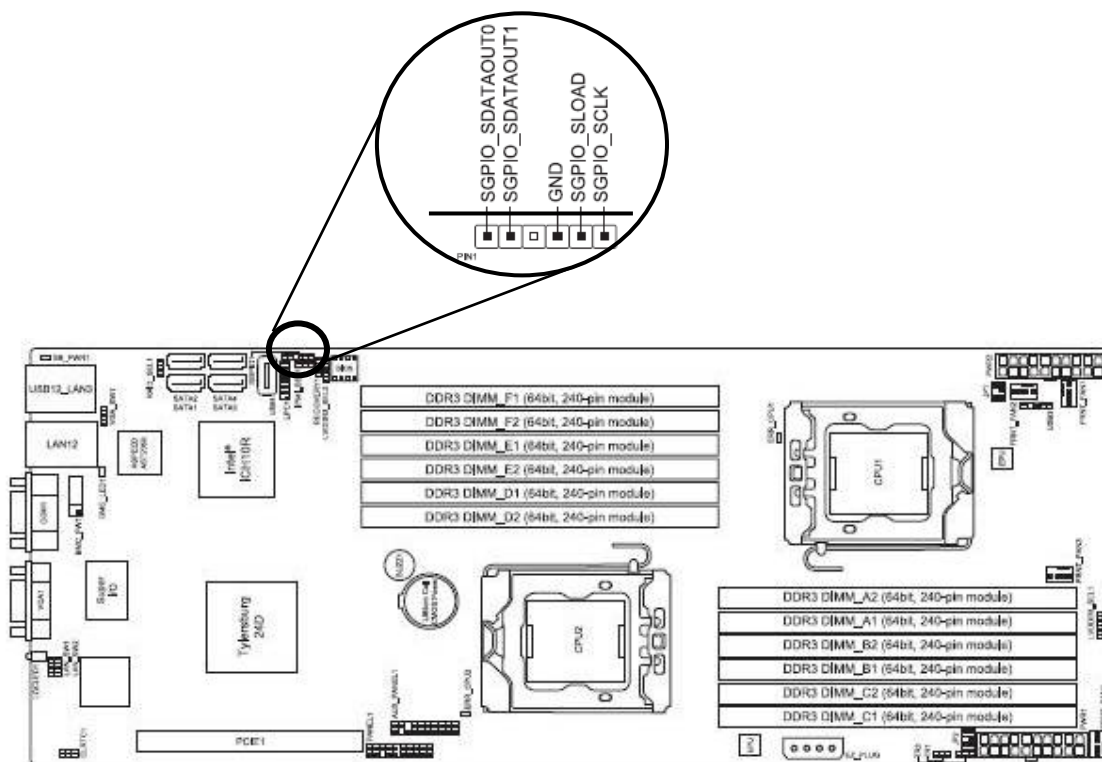
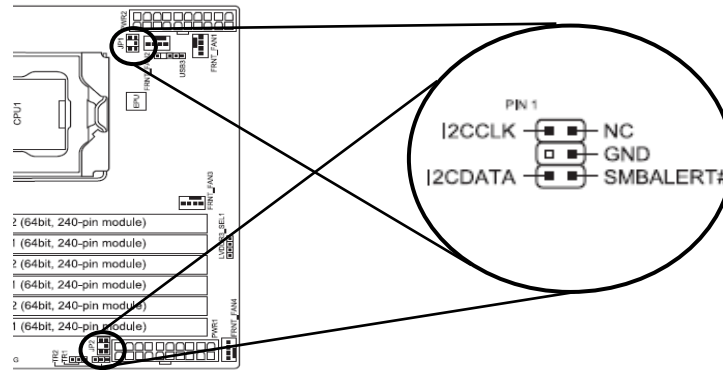


Figure 24. SGPIO Header Location and Pin-out

### 5.4.2 Power Supply SMBus Connectors

The server board provides a 2x3 pin Server Management Bus (SMBus) connector next to each of the two main power connectors. These connectors can be used to collect power supply data via server management software using a SMBus interface. The location and pin-out for these

connectors is shown below.



**Figure 25. Power Supply SMBus Connector Location and Pin-out**

## 5.5 I/O Connectors

### 5.5.1 VGA Connector

The following table details the pin-out definition of the external VGA connector.

**Table 15. VGA Connector Pin-out**

Pin	Signal Name	Description
1	V_IO_R_CONN	Red (analog color signal R)
2	V_IO_G_CONN	Green (analog color signal G)
3	V_IO_B_CONN	Blue (analog color signal B)
4	TP_VID_CONN_B4	No connection
5	GND	Ground
6	GND	Ground
7	GND	Ground
8	GND	Ground
9	TP_VID_CONN_B9	No connection
10	GND	Ground
11	TP_VID_CONN_B11	No connection
12	V_IO_DDCDAT	DDCDAT
13	V_IO_HSYNC_CONN	HSYNC (horizontal sync)
14	V_IO_VSYNC_CONN	VSYNC (vertical sync)
15	V_IO_DDCCLK	DDCCLK

### 5.5.2 NIC Ports

The server board provides two stacked RJ-45 NIC ports on the back edge of the board. The pin-out for NIC connectors are identical and are defined in the following table.

**Table 16. RJ-45 10/100/1000 NIC Connector Pin-out**

Pin	Signal Name
1	GND
2	P1V8_NIC
3	NIC_A_MDI3P
4	NIC_A_MDI3N
5	NIC_A_MDI2P
6	NIC_A_MDI2N
7	NIC_A_MDI1P
8	NIC_A_MDI1N
9	NIC_A_MDI0P
10	NIC_A_MDI0N
11 (D1)	NIC_LINKA_1000_N (LED)
12 (D2)	NIC_LINKA_100_N (LED)
13 (D3)	NIC_ACT_LED_N
14	NIC_LINK_LED_N
15	GND
16	GND

### 5.5.3 Serial Port Connector

The server board provides one external DB9 Serial port with the following pin-out.

**Table 17. Serial Port Pin-out**

Pin	Assignment	Description
1	DCD	Data Carrier Detect
2	RXD	Receive Data
3	TXD	Transmit Data
4	DTR	Data Terminal Ready
5	GND	Signal Ground
6	DSR	Data Set Ready
7	RTS	Request to Send
8	CTS	Clear to Send
9	RI	Ring Indicator

### 5.5.4 USB Connectors

The following table details the pin-out of the external USB connectors found on the back edge of the server board and system front panel.

**Table 18. External USB Connector Pin-out**

Pin	Signal Name	Description
1	USB_OC	USB_PWR
2	USB_PN	DATAL0 (Differential data line paired with DATAH0)
3	USB_PP	DATAH0 (Differential data line paired with DATAL0)
4	GND	Ground

## 5.6 Fan Headers

The server board provides four 4-pin system fan connectors, capable of supporting fans that meet the following specifications: 350mA-740mA (8.88W max) or a total of 3.15 A – 6.66 A (53.28W max) at +12V.

**Table 19. 4-pin System Fan Connector Pin-out**

Pin	Signal Name	Type	Description
1	Ground	GND	Ground is the power supply ground
2	12 V	Power	Power supply 12 V
3	Fan Tach	In	FAN_TACH signal is connected to the Integrated BMC to monitor the fan speed
4	Fan PWM	Out	FAN_PWM signal to control fan speed

## 6. Configuration Jumpers

The server board has several jumper blocks that can be used to configure, protect, or recover specific features of the server board.

### 6.1 Clear RTC RAM (CLRTC1) Jumper

This jumper allows you to clear the Real Time Clock (RTC) RAM in CMOS. Using this jumper, you can clear the CMOS memory of date, time and system setup parameters.

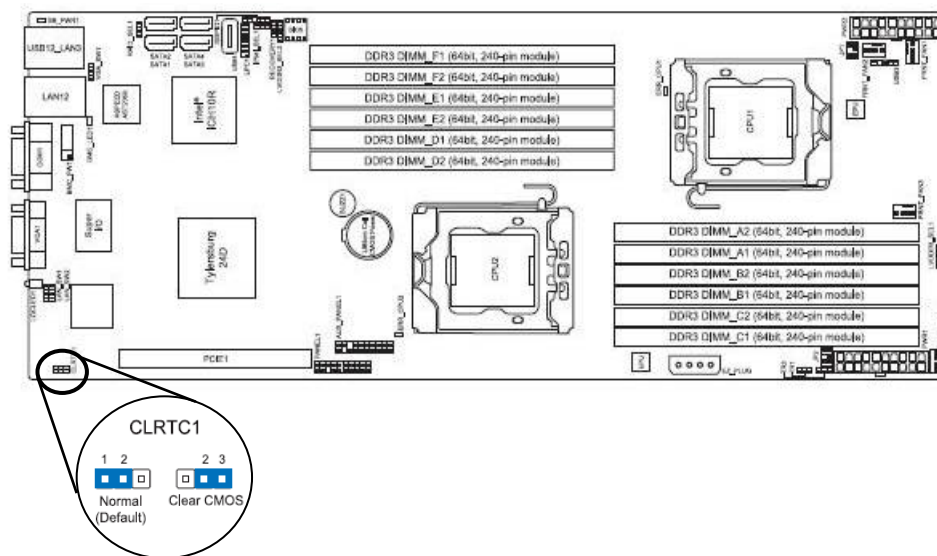


Figure 26. Clear RTC Jumper Block

The following procedure should be used to clear the RTC RAM:

1. Power OFF the system and unplug it from the AC source
2. Move the jumper from pins 1-2 (default) to pins 2-3. Wait 5-10 seconds.
3. Move the jumper back to pins 1-2
4. Re-apply AC power to the system and power on
5. During POST, enter the BIOS Setup Utility and reset desired options.

## 6.2 VGA Controller Enable/Disable Jumper

This jumper block allows you to enable or disable the on-board video controller. Set to pins 1-2 ((default) to enable video, set to pin 2-3 to disable video.

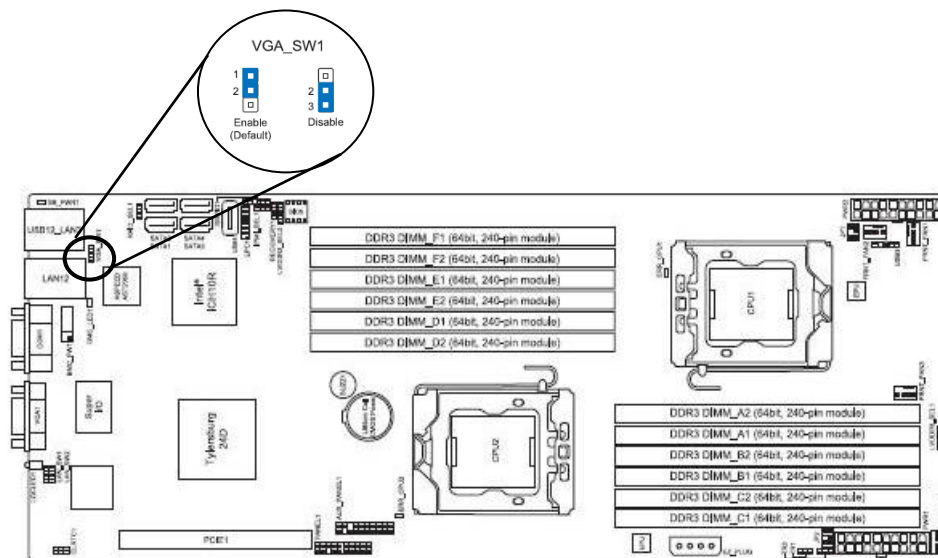


Figure 27. Video Enable/Disable Jumper

## 6.3 NIC 1 & NIC 2 Enable/Disable Jumper

These jumpers allow you to Enable or Disable the onboard LAN controllers. Set jumper to pins 1-2 (Default) to enable LAN controller, set jumper to pins 2-3 to disable LAN controller.

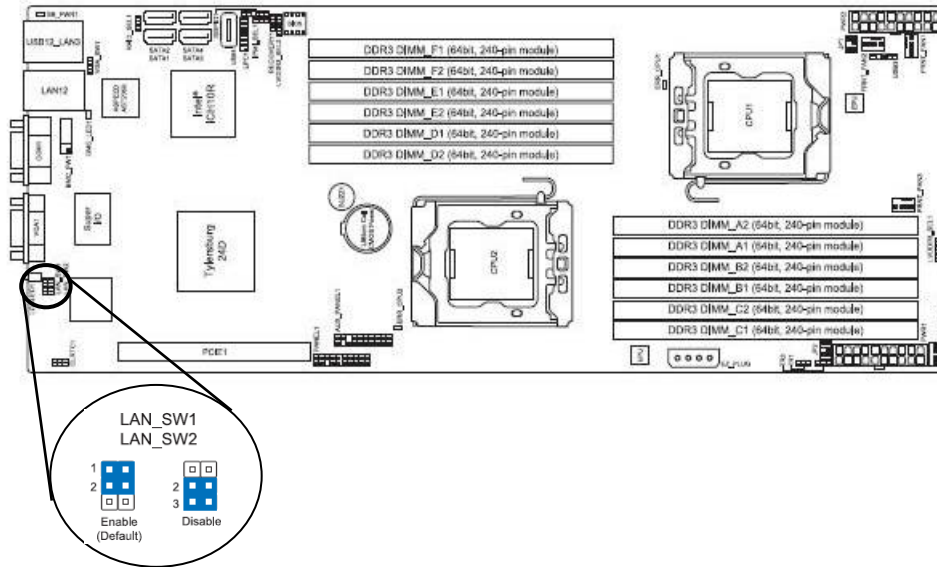


Figure 28. NIC1 & NIC2 Enable/Disable Jumper

### 6.4 Embedded RAID Option Select Jumper

The server board has the option to select either of two embedded SATA RAID options: LSI\* SATA Software RAID or Intel® Matrix Storage Manager. By default the jumper block is configured on pins 1-2 to support the LSI option. Moving the jumper to pins 2-3 changes the RAID option to Intel® Matrix Storage Manager. Neither RAID option is enabled until the SATA Option in BIOS Setup is set to *RAID*.

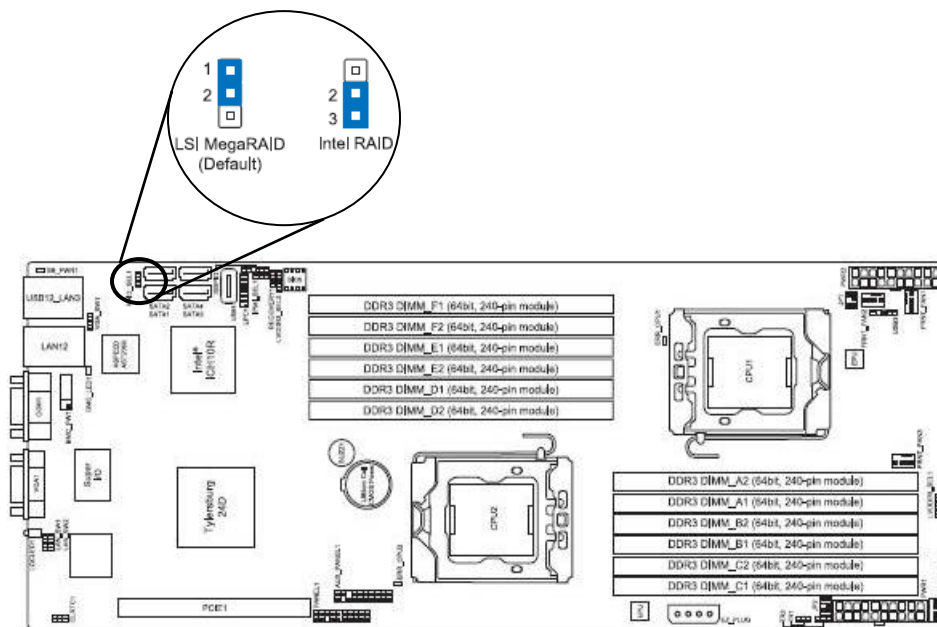
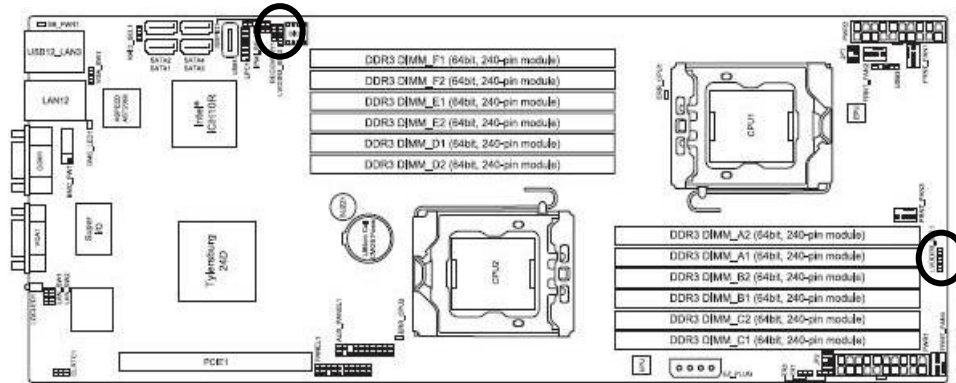


Figure 29. Embedded RAID Option Select Jumper

## 6.5 DDR3 voltage control jumpers (\*\*Future Support Only)

The server board provides a DDR3 voltage control jumper block for each CPU bank of memory. These jumper blocks change the voltage level supplied to the DIMM bank, and should only be changed when low voltage DDR3 DIMMs are installed.




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**Caution** – Moving these jumpers from their Default position may cause irreparable damage. The use of LV (low voltage) DDR3 DIMMs on this server board is intended for future use only, and will only be supported after Intel has validated their functionality. This document will be updated with proper usage information once validation is complete and tested LV DDR3 DIMMs are added to the Tested Memory List for this server board.

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## 7. Intel® Light-Guided Diagnostics

### 7.1 Standby Voltage LED

Several server management features of this server board require that a standby voltage be supplied from the power supply when the rest of the system is powered off. To indicate the presence of standby power, the server board provides an LED which illuminates as soon as AC is applied. The LED location is shown in the following illustration.

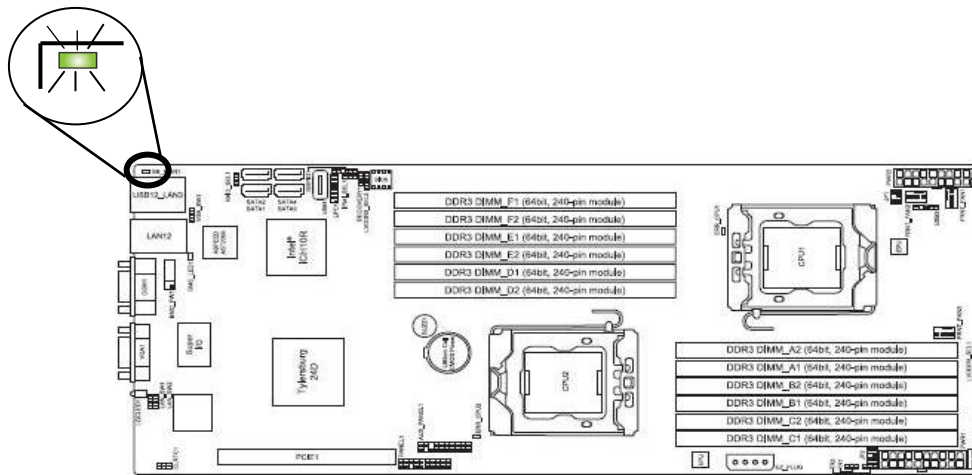


Figure 31. Stand-by Voltage LED

### 7.2 CPU Fault LED

The server board provides a CPU Fault LED for each of the processor slots. The LED location is indicated in the following illustration.

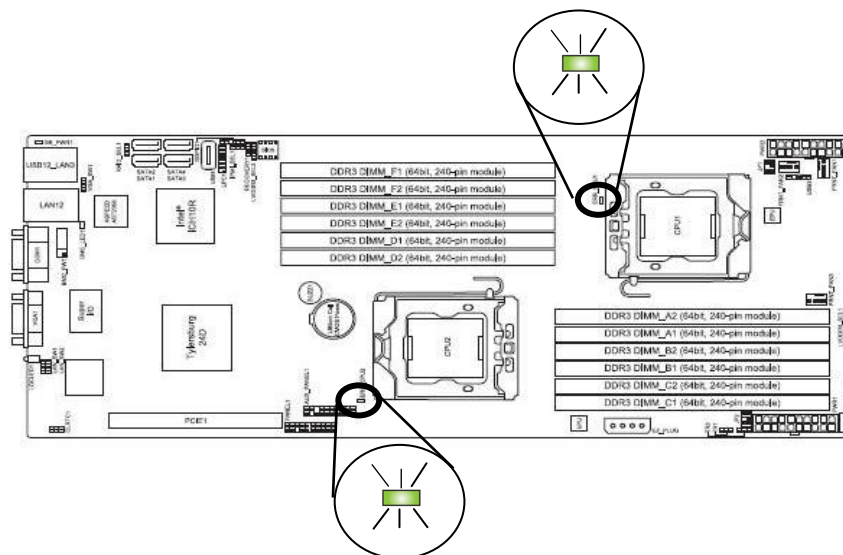


Figure 32. CPU Fault LED

### 7.3 System Identification LED

The server board includes a System ID LED. This LED illuminates when the System ID button on the front panel is pushed. This LED is used to identify the system when servicing is required in a racked environment.

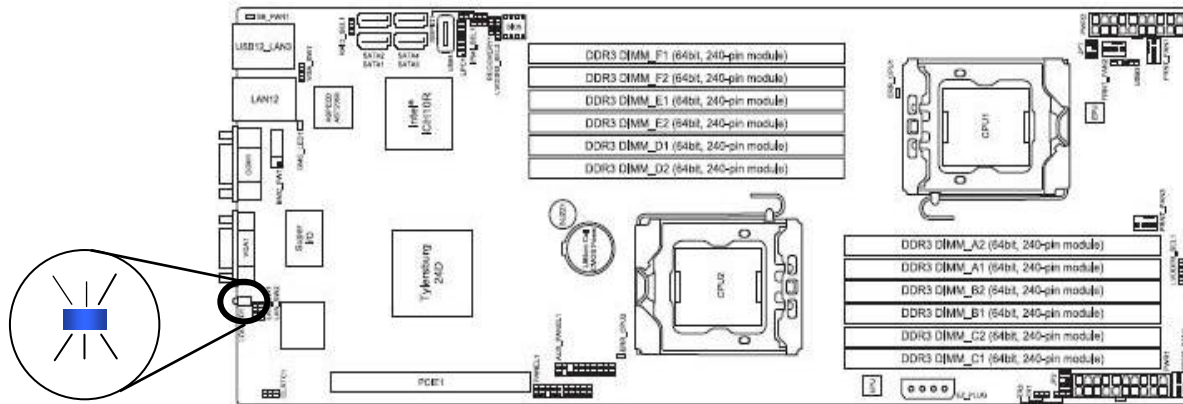


Figure 33. System ID LED

**Note:** The blue system ID LED will turn on when plug power cord until the BMC reset complete.

### 7.4 BMC LED

The server board includes a BMC LED. With the BMC Management Module installed, this LEDs blinks once per second to indicate the BMC is operating.

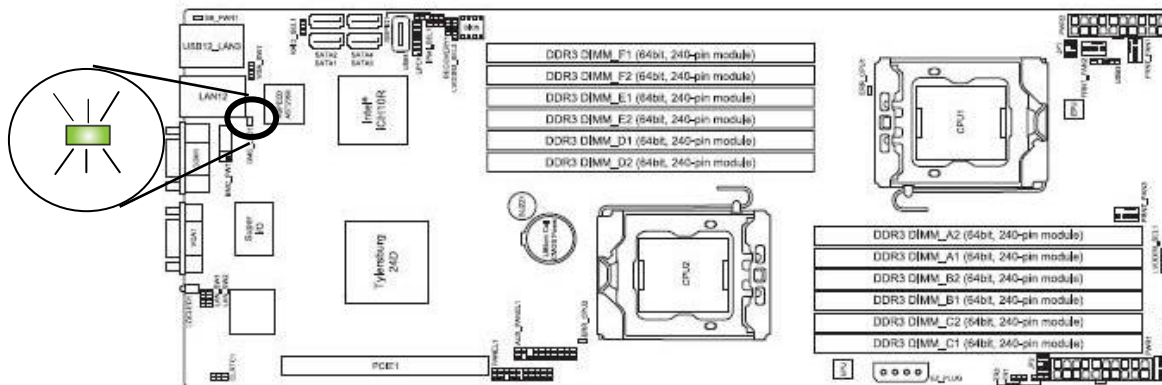


Figure 34. BMC LED

## 8. Intel® Server System SR1670HV Overview

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The Intel® Server System SR1670HV is an integrated 1U rack mount platform utilizing the features and functions of two Intel® Server Boards S5500HV.



**Figure 35. Intel® Server System SR1670HV**

The Intel® Server System SR1670HV supports the following feature set:

**Table 20. Intel® Server System SR1670HV Feature Set**

Feature	Description
Chassis Form Factor	1U Rack Mount Server
Server Board	2 x Intel® Server Boards S5500HV
Processors	Support for up to four Intel® Xeon® Processors 5500 Series and 5600 Series (two per server node)
Memory	24 x DIMM slots (12 DIMM per server node) Support for 800/1066/1333 MT/s ECC registered (RDIMM) or unbuffered (UDIMM) DDR3 memory.
Chipset	Intel® 5500 Chipset IOH Intel® 82801Jx I/O Controller Hub (ICH10R)
On-board I/O	Per Node: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ 1 x External Serial Port</li> <li>▪ 2 x RJ-45 NIC ports (stacked)</li> <li>▪ 1 x RJ-45 Management NIC port</li> <li>▪ 3 x USB 2.0 ports (Front x 1, Rear x 2)</li> <li>▪ 1 x VGA port</li> <li>▪ 1 x Internal A-type USB Port</li> </ul>
System Fan Support	8 x 4-pin managed system fan. (Four fans per server node)
Add-in Adapter Support	2 x PCI Express* X16 GEN2 slots supporting low-profile half height add-in cards (one per server node)
Video	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ On-board ASPEED* AST2050 with integrated Video Controller</li> <li>▪ Integrated 2D Video Controller</li> <li>▪ 8 MB Video Memory</li> </ul>
Storage	8 x 2.5-inch hot-swap SATA Hard Drive Bays (Four drive bays per server node) Embedded support for the following RAID solutions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Intel® Matrix Storage Manager supporting RAID levels 0/1/5/10 (Windows* Only)</li> <li>▪ LSI* SATA Software RAID w/ RAID levels 0/1/10 (Windows and Linux)</li> </ul>
Power Supply	Dual 770 Watt cold swap Power Supply modules. (non-redundent)
Networking	4 x 10/100/1000 ports provided by Intel® 82574L PHYs with Intel® I/O Acceleration Technology (Two LAN ports per server node)
Server Management	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ On-board ASPEED AST2050 with integrated Baseboard Management Controller</li> <li>▪ BMC Management Module with IPMI 2.0 support (Included)</li> <li>▪ 2 x 10/100 Management LAN port (One per server node)</li> </ul>
System Dimensions	686 mm x 444 mm x 43.4 mm

## 8.1 Front Panel Features

The server system provides the following features on the system's front panel:

- 8 x 2.5-inch hot-swap SATA/ SAS hard drive bays – four for each server node

- Dual independent front control panels – one for each server node

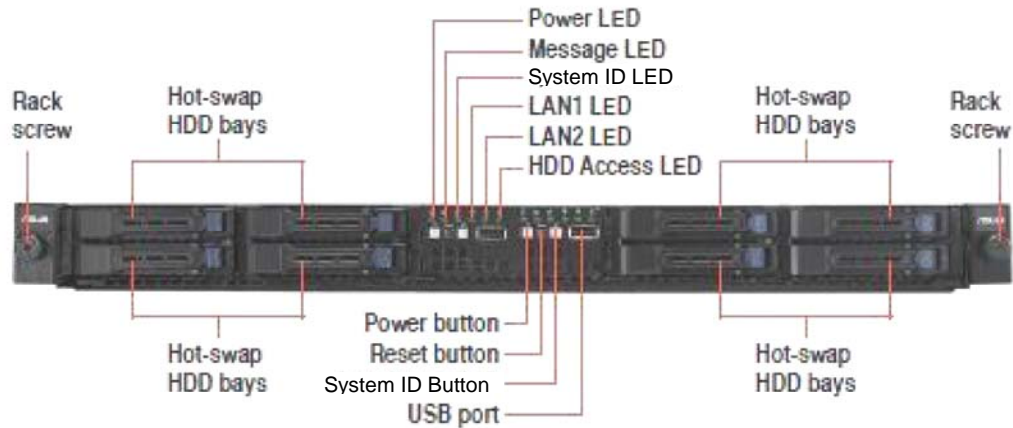


Figure 36. Intel® Server System SR1670HV - Front Panel Overview

## 8.2 Rear Panel Features

The server system provides the following features on the system's back panel:

- Dual cold swap 770-Watt Power Supply modules. (non-redundant)
- Add-in card slot covers for each installed server node.
- External I/O ports for each installed server node.

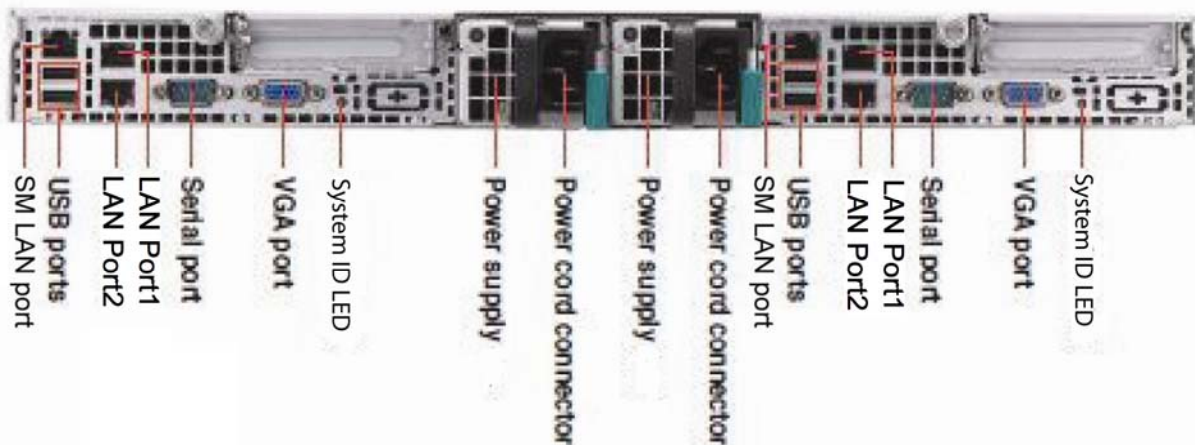
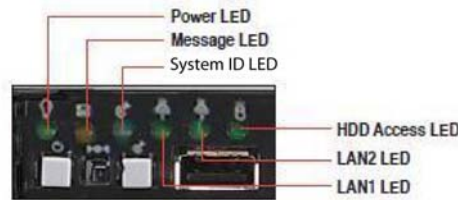


Figure 37. Intel® Server System SR1670HV - Back Panel Overview

### 8.3 System LED Overview

#### 8.3.1 Front Control Panel LEDs

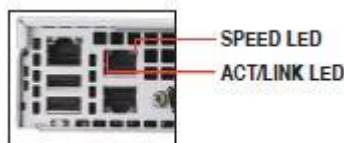
The system provides two independent front control panels, one for each server node. Each control panel supports the following LEDs:



LED	Display Status	Description
Power LED	ON	System power ON
HDD Activity LED	OFF Blinking	No activity Read/write data into the HDD
Message LED	OFF Blinking	- System is normal; no incoming event - Indicates a HW monitor event
System ID LED	OFF ON	- Normal status - System ID Button is pressed (Press the System ID Button again to turn off) BMC reset in progress when re-plug Power cord
LAN LEDs	OFF Blinking ON	- No LAN connection - LAN is transmitting or receiving data - LAN connection is present

Figure 38. Intel® Server System SR1670HV - Front Control Panel LEDs

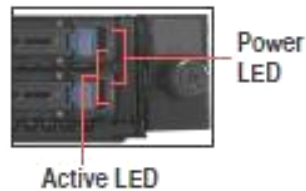
#### 8.3.2 LAN Port LEDs



ACT/LINK LED		SPEED LED	
Status	Description	Status	Description
OFF	No link	OFF	10 Mbps connection
GREEN	Linked	ORANGE	100 Mbps connection
BLINKING	Data activity	GREEN	1 Gbps connection

Figure 39. LAN Port LED Identification

### 8.3.3 Hard Drive Status LEDs



LED	Status	Description
Power	Green Light ON	Power On (detection HDD present)
	Red Light ON	RAID HDD fail (HDD plug-in ready but detection error)
	G/R Blinking	RAID rebuilding
	OFF	HDD not found
Active	Green Blink	Data read/write to HDD

**Figure 40. Hard Drive LED Identification**

## 8.4 System Storage

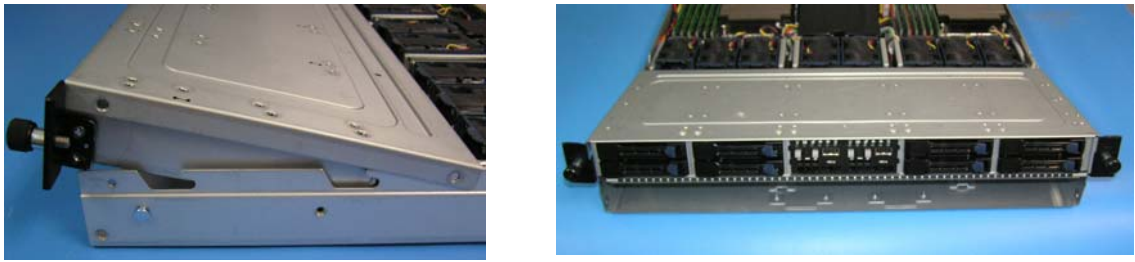
The system can support up to eight 2.5-inch hot-swap SATA/SAS hard drives, four per server node. Each installed hard drive is tray mounted. Mounting the hard drive into the tray requires the use of four screws.



**Figure 41. Hard Drive Assembly**

The hard drive assembly, slides into a drive bay where the hard drive I/O and power connectors are blind-mated with matching connectors on a backplane.

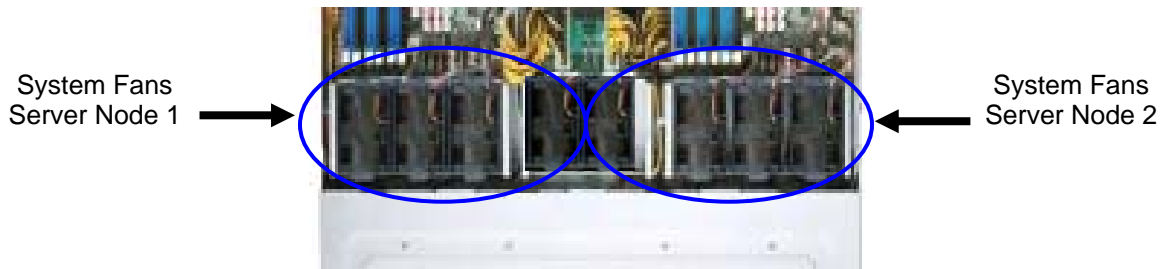
Hard disk I/O cables from each server node are routed to connectors on the backplane. The cables can be attached to the SATA ports of each server node (default) or can be attached to add-in RAID cards. For backplane FRU replacement, the entire hard drive bay is modular and can be removed from the chassis by removing 6 screws and sliding the entire bay assembly forward, then up and out of the chassis. See the Intel® Server System SR1670HV Service Guide for more FRU replacement information.



**Figure 42 Har driver Bay Assembly**

## 8.5 System Cooling

The system provides a bank of four dual rotor system fans for each server node. Each bank of four system fans is independent of each other and controlled by the server node to which they are attached. In addition, the system also includes a fan in each power supply module.



**Figure 43. System Fan Assembly**

The system provides no redundant fan support. To prevent the system from over heating, a failed fan should be replaced as soon as possible.



**Figure 44. System Fan Removal**

Each bank of fans is monitored and controlled by the server node to which they are attached. Fan control is determined by selecting either of two fan control options in BIOS Setup: *Full Speed mode* or *High Density mode*.

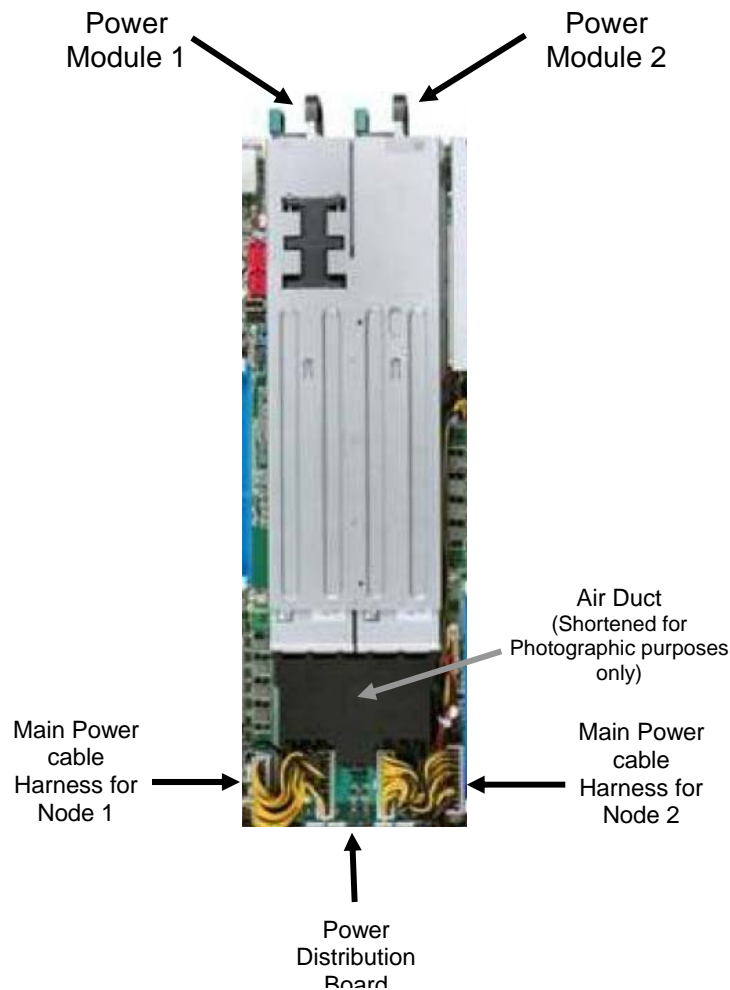
In *Full Speed Mode*, system fans will only operate at the highest fan speed, allowing for maximum air flow.

In *High Density Mode*, fan speed is controlled, allowing for a quieter system. At nominal CPU temperatures, the fan speeds will operate at 50% of maximum. As CPU temperatures rise, the

fan speeds will gradually increase to a maximum 100%. As CPU temperatures fall, fan speeds will automatically readjust to a lower speed.

## 8.6 System Power

The system includes two 770-Watt power supply modules and a power distribution board. Each power supply module provides power to a single server node. The power supply modules provide no power redundancy.



**Figure 45. Intel® Server System SR1670HV - Power Sub-system**

Each power supply module can be cold swapped. The modules slide into the back of the system where an edge connector is blind-mated with a matching slot on the power distribution board.



**Figure 46. Power Module Removal**

### 8.6.1 Power Supply Module Specification

**Table 21. Power Supply Module Specification**

Module Outputs	770 Watt: 62.5 Amps, 5VSB: 4 Amps
Module Efficiency	~85% efficiency @ 20%, 230VAC ~89% efficiency @ 50%, 230VAC ~85% efficiency @ 100% load, 230VAC
AC Input	90VAC to 264VAC Power Factor Corrected (EN61000-3-2) IEC 320 inlet connector on module
Hold up time	12msec @ 100% load (770W) 20msec @ 60% load
SMBUS (PSMI) Module	AC input voltage (Vrms), AC input current (Arms), Output Power (12V), Output Current (12V), Fan speed control and Temp Sensors, Critical and warning events, FRU data
Protection	Over Current, Over Temperature, Over Voltage

**Table 22. Over Current Protection Limits**

Output Voltage	OCP Limits
+12V	69A min; 83A max
+5VSB	5.0A min; 6.0A max

**Table 23. Over Voltage Protection Limits**

Output Voltage	OVP MIN (V)	OVP MAX (V)
+12V	13.3	14.5
+5VSB	5.7	6.5

#### 8.6.1.1 Over Temperature Protection (OTP)

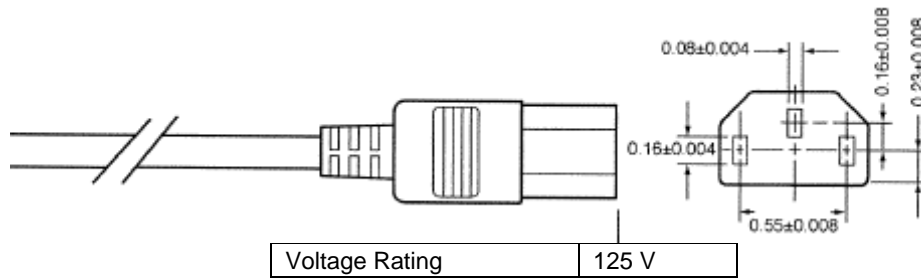
The power supply will be protected against over temperature conditions caused by loss of fan cooling or excessive ambient temperature. In an OTP condition the PS module will shutdown. When the power supply temperature drops to within specified limits, the power supply shall restore power automatically, while the 5VSB remains always on. The OTP trop level shall have a minimum of 4 C of ambient temperature hysteresis, so the power supply will not oscillate on

and off due to a temperature recovery condition. The power supply shall alert the system of the OTP condition via the power supply FAIL signal and the PWR LED.

### 8.6.2 AC Power Cord Specification Requirements

**Table 24. AC Cord Specification**

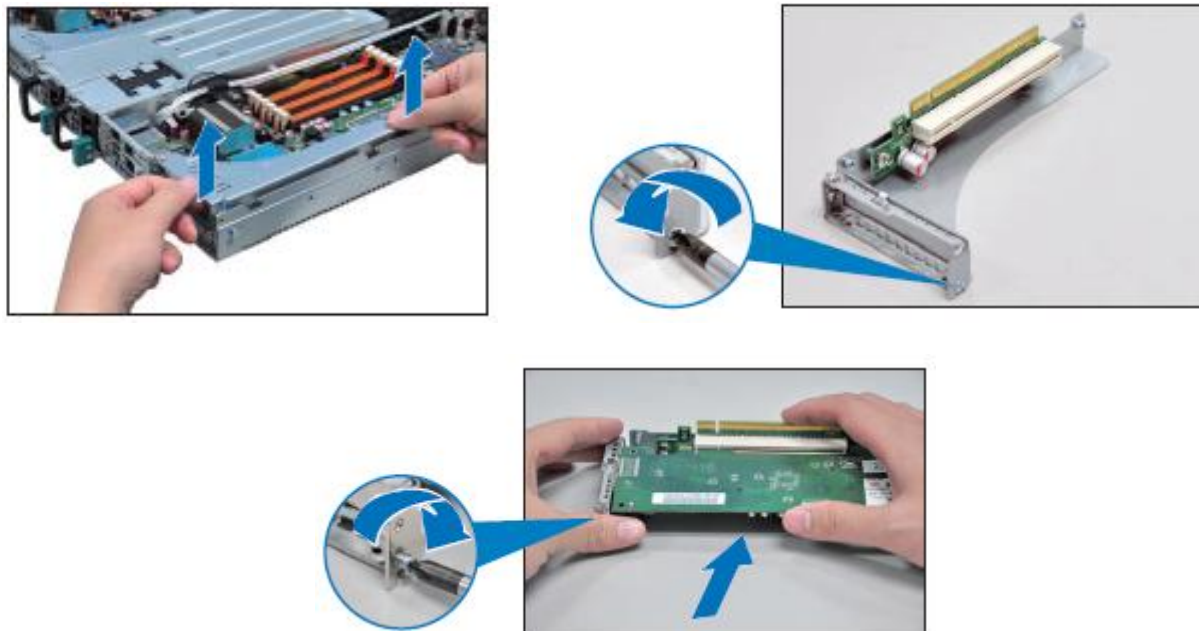
Cable Type	SJT
Wire Size	16 AWG
Temperature Rating	105°C
Amperage Rating	13 A



**Figure 47. AC Cord Specification**

## 8.7 Add-in Card Support

Each server node can support a single low profile, half-height, PCI-Express\* Gen2, X16 add-in card. Add-in cards are installed into a riser assembly as shown in the following photographs.



**Figure 48. Intel® Server System SR1670HV - Add-in card support**

## 9. Environmental Specifications

### 9.1 Intel® Server Board S5500HV Environmental Specifications

The operation of the server board at conditions beyond those shown in the following table may cause permanent damage to the system. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect system reliability.

**Table 25. Server Board Environmental Limits Summary**

Operating Temperature	0° C to 55° C <sup>1</sup> (32° F to 131° F)
Non-Operating Temperature	-40° C to 70° C (-40° F to 158° F)
DC Voltage	± 5% of all nominal voltages
Shock (Unpackaged)	Trapezoidal, 50 G, 170 inches/sec
Shock (Packaged)	
<20 pounds	36 inches
20 to <40 pounds	30 inches
40 to <80 pounds	24 inches
80 to <100 pounds	18 inches
100 to <120 pounds	12 inches
120 pounds	9 inches
Vibration (Unpackaged)	5 Hz to 500 Hz 3.13 g RMS random

<sup>1</sup> Chassis design must provide proper airflow to avoid exceeding the Intel® Xeon® processor maximum case temperature.

**Disclaimer Note:** Intel Corporation server boards contain a number of high-density VLSI and power delivery components that need adequate airflow to cool. Intel ensures through its own chassis development and testing that when Intel server building blocks are used together, the fully integrated system will meet the intended thermal requirements of these components. It is the responsibility of the system integrator who chooses not to use Intel developed server building blocks to consult vendor datasheets and operating parameters to determine the amount of airflow required for their specific application and environmental conditions. Intel Corporation cannot be held responsible, if components fail or the server board does not operate correctly when used outside any of their published operating or non-operating limits.

### 9.2 Processor Power Support (Server Board Only)

Electrically, the server board supports the Thermal Design Power (TDP) guideline for Intel® Xeon® processor 5500 series and 5600 series. The following table provides maximum values for Icc, TDP power and T<sub>CASE</sub> for the Intel® Xeon® processor 5500 series and 5600 series.

**Table 26. Intel® Xeon® Processor TDP Guidelines**

TDP Power	Maximum T <sub>CASE</sub>	Icc Maximum
130 W	67.0° C	150 A

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**Note:** Intel® Server Systems processor support is limited to 95W TDP power.

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### 9.3 Intel® Server System SR1670HV Environmental Specifications

The operation of the server system at conditions beyond those shown in the following table may cause permanent damage to the system. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect system reliability

**Table 27. Server System Environmental Limits Summary**

Parameter	Limits
Operating Temperature	+10°C to +35°C with the maximum rate of change not to exceed 10°C per hour
Non-Operating Temperature	-40°C to +70°C
Non-Operating Humidity	90%, non-condensing at 35°C
Acoustic noise	Idle = 67.3 dBA Active = 73.5 dBA
Shock, operating	Half sine, 2 g peak, 11 milliseconds
Shock, unpackaged	Trapezoidal, 25 g, velocity change 136 inches/second ( $\geq 40$ lbs to $< 80$ lbs)
Shock, packaged	Non-palletized free fall in height 24 inches ( $\geq 40$ lbs to $< 80$ lbs)
Vibration, unpackaged	5 Hz to 500 Hz, 2.20 g RMS random
Shock, operating	Half sine, 2 g peak, 11 milliseconds
ESD	+/-15 KV except I/O port +/- 8 KV per Intel® Environmental test specification
System Cooling Requirement in BTU/Hr	2550 BTU/hour
Operating Temperature	+10°C to +35°C with the maximum rate of change not to exceed 10°C per hour

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**Disclaimer Note:** Intel Corporation server boards contain a number of high-density VLSI and power delivery components that need adequate airflow to cool. Intel ensures through its own chassis development and testing that when Intel server building blocks are used together, the fully integrated system will meet the intended thermal requirements of these components. It is the responsibility of the system integrator who chooses not to use Intel developed server building blocks to consult vendor datasheets and operating parameters to determine the amount of airflow required for their specific application and environmental conditions. Intel Corporation cannot be held responsible, if components fail or the server board does not operate correctly when used outside any of their published operating or non-operating limits.

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### 9.4 Processor Power Support (Integrated System)

Thermally, the Intel Server System SR1670HV can support a maximum Thermal Design Power (TDP) rating of 95 Watts for Intel® Xeon® processor 5500 series and 5600 series.

## 10. Regulatory and Certification




### 10.1 Intel® Server Board S5500HV Regulatory and Certification



**Intended Application** – This product was evaluated as Information Technology Equipment (ITE), which may be installed in offices, schools, computer rooms, and similar commercial type locations. The suitability of this product for other product categories and environments (such as: medical, industrial, telecommunications, NEBS, residential, alarm systems, test equipment, etc.), other than an ITE application, may require further evaluation.

The following table references Server Baseboard Compliance and markings that may appear on the product. Markings below are typical markings however, may vary or be different based on how certification is obtained. Some markings may appear in product literature due to limited space on board for marking.

**Note:** Certifications Emissions requirements are to Class A.

**Table 28. Server Board Product Safety & Electromagnetic (EMC) Compliance**

Compliance Regional Description	Compliance Reference	Compliance Reference Marking Example
Australia/New Zealand	AS/NZS 3548 (Emissions)	 N232
Canada/USA	CSA 60950 – UL 60950 (Safety) CONFORMS TO ANSI/UL STD. 60950-1 CERTIFIED TO CAN/CSA STD. C22.2 No. 60950-1	
	Industry Canada ICES-003 (Emissions)	CANADA ICES-003 CLASS A CANADA NMB-003 CLASSE A
	FCC CFR 47, Part 15 (Emissions)	This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation of this device is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) This device must accept interference receive, including interference that may cause undesired operation.
GENELEC Europe	Low Voltage Directive EMC Directive EN55022 (Emissions) EN55024 (Immunity) CE Declaration of Conformity	
International	CB Certification – IEC60950 CISPR 22/CISPR 24	None Required

Compliance Regional Description	Compliance Reference	Compliance Reference Marking Example
Japan	VCCI Certification	この装置は、クラス A 情報技術装置です。この装置を家庭環境で使用すると電波妨害を引き起こすことがあります。この場合には使用者が適切な対策を講ずるよう要求されることがあります。VCCI-A
Korea	KCC Certification	 방송통신위원회 인증번호: CPU-Model Name (A)
Taiwan	BSMI CNS13438	 D33025 <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p>警告使用者：              這是甲類的資訊產品，在居住的環境中使用時，可能會造成射頻干擾，在這種情況下，使用者會被要求採取某些適當的對策</p> </div>

## 10.1.1 Electromagnetic Compatibility Notices

### 10.1.1.1 USA

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

For questions related to the EMC performance of this product, contact:

Intel Corporation  
 5200 N.E. Elam Young Parkway  
 Hillsboro, OR 97124  
 1-800-628-8686

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver.
- Connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit other than the one to which the receiver is connected.

- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the grantee of this device could void the user's authority to operate the equipment. The customer is responsible for ensuring compliance of the modified product.

Only peripherals (computer input/output devices, terminals, printers, etc.) that comply with FCC Class B limits may be attached to this computer product. Operation with noncompliant peripherals is likely to result in interference to radio and TV reception.

All cables used to connect to peripherals must be shielded and grounded. Operation with cables, connected to peripherals that are not shielded and grounded may result in interference to radio and TV reception.

### **10.1.2 FCC Verification Statement**

Product Type: S5500HV

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

For questions related to the EMC performance of this product, contact:

Intel Corporation  
5200 N.E. Elam Young Parkway  
Hillsboro, OR 97124-6497

Phone: 1 (800)-INTEL4U or 1 (800) 628-8686

### **10.1.3 ICES-003 (Canada)**

Cet appareil numérique respecte les limites bruits radioélectriques applicables aux appareils numériques de Classe A prescrites dans la norme sur le matériel brouilleur: "Appareils Numériques", NMB-003 édictée par le Ministre Canadien des Communications.

(English translation of the notice above) This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class A limits for radio noise emissions from digital apparatus set out in the interference-causing equipment standard entitled "Digital Apparatus," ICES-003 of the Canadian Department of Communications.

### **10.1.4 Europe (CE Declaration of Conformity)**

This product has been tested in accordance too, and complies with the Low Voltage Directive (73/23/EEC) and EMC Directive (89/336/EEC). The product has been marked with the CE Mark to illustrate its compliance.

### **10.1.5 Japan EMC Compatibility**

Electromagnetic Compatibility Notices (International)

この装置は、情報処理装置等電波障害自主規制協議会（VCCI）の基準に基づくクラスA情報技術装置です。この装置を家庭環境で使用すると電波妨害を引き起こすことがあります。この場合には使用者が適切な対策を講ずるよう要求されることがあります。

English translation of the notice above:

This is a Class A product based on the standard of the Voluntary Control Council For Interference (VCCI) from Information Technology Equipment. If this is used near a radio or television receiver in a domestic environment, it may cause radio interference. Install and use the equipment according to the instruction manual.

### 10.1.6 BSMI (Taiwan)

The BSMI Certification number and the following warning is located on the product safety label which is located on the bottom side (pedestal orientation) or side (rack mount configuration).

警告使用者：

這是甲類的資訊產品，在居住的環境中使用時，可能會造成射頻干擾，在這種情況下，使用者會被要求採取某些適當的對策。

### 10.1.7 RRL (Korea)

Following is the RRL certification information for Korea.



1. 기기의 명칭 (모델명)
2. 인증번호 :
3. 인증받은 자의 상호
4. 제조년월일 :
5. 제조자/제조국가 :

방송통신위원회

**English translation of the notice above:**

1. Type of Equipment (Model Name): On License and Product
2. Certification No.: On RRL certificate. Obtain certificate from local Intel representative
3. Name of Certification Recipient: Intel Corporation
4. Date of Manufacturer: Refer to date code on product
5. Manufacturer/Nation: Intel Corporation/Refer to country of origin marked on product

## 10.2 Intel® Server System SR1670HV Regulatory and Certification

### 10.2.1 Product Regulatory Compliance

The server system product, when correctly integrated, complies with the following safety and electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) regulations.

**Intended Application** – This product was evaluated as Information Technology Equipment (ITE), which may be installed in offices, schools, computer rooms, and similar commercial type locations. The suitability of this product for other product categories and environments (such as: medical, industrial, telecommunications, NEBS, residential, alarm systems, test equipment, etc.), other than an ITE application, may require further evaluation.

**Notifications to Users on Product Regulatory Compliance and Maintaining Compliance –**

To ensure regulatory compliance, you must adhere to the assembly instructions documented in the product *Service Guide* to ensure and maintain compliance with existing product certifications and approvals. Use only the described, regulated components specified in the product *Service Guide*. Use of other products/components will void the UL or other NRTL listings and other regulatory approvals of the product and will most likely result in noncompliance with product regulations in the region(s) in which the product is sold.

To help ensure EMC compliance with your local regional rules and regulations, before computer integration, make sure that the chassis, power supply, and other modules have passed EMC testing using a server board with a microprocessor from the same family (or higher) and operating at the same (or higher) speed as the microprocessor used on this server board. The final configuration of your end system product may require additional EMC compliance testing. For more information please contact your local Intel Representative. This is an FCC Class A device and its use is intended for a commercial type market place.

### 10.2.2 Use of Specified Regulated Components

To maintain the UL and/or other NRTL listings and compliance to other regulatory certifications and/or declarations, the following regulated components must be used and conditions adhered to. Interchanging or use of other component will void the UL listing and other product certifications and approvals.

Updated product information for configurations can be found on the Intel Server Builder Web site at the following URL:

<http://channel.intel.com/go/serverbuilder>






If you do not have access to Intel's Web address, please contact your local Intel representative.


- **Server chassis** (base chassis is provided with power supply and fans) – UL listed.
- **Server board** – you must use an Intel server board – UL or other NRTL recognized.
- **Add-in boards** – must have a printed wiring board flammability rating of minimum UL94V-1. Add-in boards containing external power connectors and/or lithium batteries must be UL recognized or UL listed. Any add-in board containing modem telecommunication circuitry must be UL listed. In addition, the modem must have the appropriate telecommunications, safety, and EMC approvals for the region in which it is sold.
- **Peripheral Storage Devices** – must be UL recognized or UL listed accessory and TUV or VDE licensed. Maximum power rating of any one device or combination of devices can not exceed manufacturer's specifications. Total server configuration is not to exceed the maximum loading conditions of the power supply.

The following table references Server System Compliance and markings that may appear on the product. Markings below are typical markings however, may vary or be different based on how certification is obtained.

**Note:** Certifications Emissions requirements are to Class A.

**Table 29. Server System Product Safety & Electromagnetic (EMC) Compliance**

Compliance Regional Description	Compliance Reference	Compliance Reference Marking Example
Australia/New Zealand	AS/NZS 3548 (Emissions)	 N232
Argentina	IRAM Certification (Safety)	
Canada/USA	CSA 60950 – UL 60950 (Safety) - CONFORMS TO ANSI/UL STD. 60950-1 CERTIFIED TO CAN/CSA STD. C22.2 No. 60950-1	
	Industry Canada ICES-003 (Emissions)	CANADA ICES-003 CLASS A CANADA NMB-003 CLASSE A
	FCC CFR 47, Part 15 (Emissions)	This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation of this device is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) This device must accept interference receive, including interference that may cause undesired operation.
CENELEC Europe	Low Voltage Directive EMC Directive EN55022 (Emissions) EN55024 (Immunity) EN61000-3-2 (Harmonics) EN61000-3-3 (Voltage Flicker) CE Declaration of Conformity	
Germany	GS Certification – EN60950	
International	CB Certification – IEC60950 CISPR 22/CISPR 24	None Required
Japan	VCCI Certification	この装置は、クラス A 情報技術装置です。この装置を家庭環境で使用すると電波妨害を引き起こすことがあります。この場合には使用者が適切な対策を講ずるよう要求されることがあります。VCCI-A

Compliance Regional Description	Compliance Reference	Compliance Reference Marking Example
Korea	KCC Certification	 방송통신위원회 인증번호: CPU-Model Name (A)
Russia	GOST-R Certification	
Ukraine	Ukraine Certification	None Required
Taiwan	BSMI CNS13438	 R33025
		<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>警告使用者：              這是甲類的資訊產品，在居住的環境中使用時，              可能會造成射頻干擾，在這種情況下，使用者會              被要求採取某些適當的對策</p> </div>

## 10.2.3 Electromagnetic Compatibility Notices

### 10.2.3.1 USA

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

For questions related to the EMC performance of this product, contact:

Intel Corporation  
 5200 N.E. Elam Young Parkway  
 Hillsboro, OR 97124  
 1-800-628-8686

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.

Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver.

Connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit other than the one to which the receiver is connected.

Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the grantee of this device could void the user's authority to operate the equipment. The customer is responsible for ensuring compliance of the modified product.

Only peripherals (computer input/output devices, terminals, printers, etc.) that comply with FCC Class B limits may be attached to this computer product. Operation with noncompliant peripherals is likely to result in interference to radio and TV reception.

All cables used to connect to peripherals must be shielded and grounded. Operation with cables, connected to peripherals that are not shielded and grounded may result in interference to radio and TV reception.

### **10.2.3.2 FCC Verification Statement**

Product Type: SR1670HV

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

For questions related to the EMC performance of this product, contact:

Intel Corporation  
5200 N.E. Elam Young Parkway  
Hillsboro, OR 97124-6497

Phone: 1 (800)-INTEL4U or 1 (800) 628-8686

### **10.2.3.3 ICES-003 (Canada)**

Cet appareil numérique respecte les limites bruits radioélectriques applicables aux appareils numériques de Classe A prescrites dans la norme sur le matériel brouilleur: "Appareils Numériques", NMB-003 édictée par le Ministre Canadien des Communications.

(English translation of the notice above) This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class A limits for radio noise emissions from digital apparatus set out in the interference-causing equipment standard entitled "Digital Apparatus," ICES-003 of the Canadian Department of Communications.

### **10.2.3.4 Europe (CE Declaration of Conformity)**

This product has been tested in accordance too, and complies with the Low Voltage Directive (73/23/EEC) and EMC Directive (89/336/EEC). The product has been marked with the CE Mark to illustrate its compliance.

### **10.2.3.5 Japan EMC Compatibility**

Electromagnetic Compatibility Notices (International)

この装置は、情報処理装置等電波障害自主規制協議会（VCCI）の基準に基づくクラスA情報技術装置です。この装置を家庭環境で使用すると電波妨害を引き起こすことがあります。この場合には使用者が適切な対策を講ずるよう要求されることがあります。

English translation of the notice above:

This is a Class A product based on the standard of the Voluntary Control Council For Interference (VCCI) from Information Technology Equipment. If this is used near a radio or television receiver in a domestic environment, it may cause radio interference. Install and use the equipment according to the instruction manual.

### 10.2.3.6 BSMI (Taiwan)

The BSMI Certification number and the following warning is located on the product safety label which is located on the bottom side (pedestal orientation) or side (rack mount configuration).

警告使用者：

這是甲類的資訊產品，在居住的環境中使用時，可能會造成射頻干擾，在這種情況下，使用者會被要求採取某些適當的對策。

### 10.2.3.7 RRL (Korea)



1. 기기의 명칭(모델명)
2. 인증번호 :
3. 인증받은 자의 상호
4. 제조년월일:
5. 제조자/제조국가 :

방송통신위원회





Following is the RRL certification information for Korea.





#### English translation of the notice above:

1. Type of Equipment (Model Name): On License and Product
2. Certification No.: On RRL certificate. Obtain certificate from local Intel representative
3. Name of Certification Recipient: Intel Corporation
4. Date of Manufacturer: Refer to date code on product
5. Manufacturer/Nation: Intel Corporation/Refer to country of origin marked on product


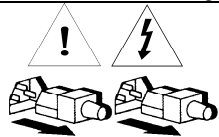
## 10.3 Product Ecology Compliance

Intel has a system in place to restrict the use of banned substances in accordance with world wide product ecology regulatory requirements. The following is Intel's product ecology compliance criteria.

Compliance Regional Description	Compliance Reference	Compliance Reference Marking Example
California	California Code of Regulations, Title 22, Division 4.5; Chapter 33: Best Management Practices for Perchlorate Materials.	Special handling may apply. See <a href="http://www.dtsc.ca.gov/hazardouswaste/perchlorate">www.dtsc.ca.gov/hazardouswaste/perchlorate</a> This notice is required by California Code of Regulations, Title 22, Division 4.5; Chapter 33: Best Management Practices for Perchlorate Materials. This product/part includes a battery which contains Perchlorate material.
China	<p><b>China RoHS</b> Administrative Measures on the Control of Pollution Caused by Electronic Information Products” (EIP) #39. Referred to as China RoHS. Mark requires to be applied to retail products only. Mark used is the Environmental Friendly Use Period (EFUP). Number represents years.</p>	
	<p><b>China Recycling (GB18455-2001)</b> Mark requires to be applied to retail product only. Marking applied to bulk packaging and single packages. Not applied to internal packaging such as plastics, foams, etc.</p>	
Intel Internal Specification	All materials, parts and subassemblies must not contain restricted materials as defined in Intel's <b>Environmental Product Content Specification</b> of Suppliers and Outsourced Manufacturers – <a href="http://supplier.intel.com/ehs/environmental.htm">http://supplier.intel.com/ehs/environmental.htm</a>	None Required
Europe	<p><b>Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Directive 2002/96/EC</b> – Mark applied to system level products only.</p>	
	<p><b>European Directive 2002/95/EC - Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS)</b> Threshold limits and banned substances are noted below. Quantity limit of 0.1% by mass (1000 PPM) for: Lead, Mercury, Hexavalent Chromium, Polybrominated Biphenyls Diphenyl Ethers (PBB/PBDE) Quantity limit of 0.01% by mass (100 PPM) for: Cadmium</p>	None Required
Germany	<p><b>German Green Dot</b> Applied to Retail Packaging Only for Boxed Boards</p>	
Intel Internal Specification	All materials, parts and subassemblies must not contain restricted materials as defined in Intel's <b>Environmental Product Content Specification</b> of Suppliers and Outsourced Manufacturers – <a href="http://supplier.intel.com/ehs/environmental.htm">http://supplier.intel.com/ehs/environmental.htm</a>	None Required

Compliance Regional Description	Compliance Reference	Compliance Reference Marking Example
International	<b>ISO11469</b> - Plastic parts weighing >25gm are intended to be marked with per ISO11469.	>PC/ABS<
	Recycling Markings – Fiberboard (FB) and Cardboard (CB) are marked with international recycling marks. Applied to outer bulk packaging and single package.	 
Japan	<b>Japan Recycling</b> Applied to Retail Packaging Only for Boxed Boards	 

## 10.4 Other Markings

Compliance Description	Compliance Reference	Compliance Reference Marking Example
Stand-by Power	60950 Safety Requirement Applied to product is stand-by power switch is used.	
Multiple Power Cords (only for product with more than 1 power cord)	60950 Safety Requirement Applied to product if more than one power cord is used.	English: This unit has more than one power supply cord. To reduce the risk of electrical shock, disconnect (2) two power supply cords before servicing.
		
		Simplified Chinese: 注意： 本设备包括多条电源系统电缆。为避免遭受电击，在进行维修之前应断开两（2）条电源系统电缆。
		Traditional Chinese: 注意： 本設備包括多條電源系統電纜。為避免遭受電擊，在進行維修之前應斷開兩（2）條電源系統電纜。
		German: Dieses Geräte hat mehr als ein Stromkabel. Um eine Gefahr des elektrischen Schlages zu verringern trennen sie beide (2) Stromkabeln bevor Instandhaltung.
Ground Connection	60950 Deviation for Nordic Countries	Line1: "WARNING:" Swedish on line2: "Apparaten skall anslutas till jordat uttag, när den ansluts till ett nätverk."

Compliance Description	Compliance Reference	Compliance Reference Marking Example
		Finnish on line 3: "Laite on liitettävä suojamaadoituskoskettimilla varustettuun pistorasiaan." English on line 4: "Connect only to a properly earth grounded outlet."
Country of Origin	Logistic Requirements Applied to products to indicate where product was made.	Made in XXXX

## 10.5 Component Regulatory Requirements to Support System and/or Baseboard Level Certifications

Various components and materials require component level certifications to support server system and/or server baseboard level certifications. Certification of components shall be at the most current certifications standard.

### **Power Supplies**

Minimum Certifications:

UL, cUL Recognition (Canada/USA)

CE DOC (Europe)

CB Certificate & Report (International)

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**Note:** CB to include all CB national deviations) Certification marks to be visible on power supply. Power supply is to comply with the Intel power supply specification.

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### **Peripheral Devices (e.g. Disk Drives, CD ROMs)**

Minimum Certifications:

UL, cUL Recognition (Canada/USA), CE DOC (Europe), One European Approval (e.g. TUV or VDE; or SEMKO, NEMKO or DEMKO). Certification marks to be visible on peripheral

### **Fans**

Minimum Certifications: UL and TUV or VDE. Certification marks to be visible on fan

### **Current Limiting Devices (Used for Safety Purposes)**

Such Devices may be fuse, PTC or other). Minimum Certifications: UL and TUV or VDE

### **Lithium Batteries**

Require being UL recognized; and battery circuits are to have suitable reverse bias current protection for the application it is used in. Certification marks to be visible on battery

### **Printed Wiring Boards**

Requires being UL Recognized board from a UL approved bare board fabricator/manufacturer. Ratings require being minimum V-0 and 130C. Fabricators name and/or trade mark; UL symbol

**Connectors**

Requires being UL Recognized. Rated minimum V-0 and temperature wise suitably rated for its application.

**Cables/Wiring Harnesses (e.g. Ribbon cables)**

Requires being UL Recognized and temperature wise suitably rated for its application. Certification marks to be visible on harness.

**Plastics**

Requires being UL Recognized and suitable flammability requirement for its application.

For example:

Fire Enclosure >18Kg requires min 5V

Fire Enclosure <18Kg requires min V-1

All plastic parts require to be marked with Plastic Fabricators name and/or UL Fabricator ID Material Name (e.g. GE, C2800), Date Code

**Labels Use for Product Safety**

Require being purchased from UL approved label vendor, and suitable for the surface it is being applied to. Alternatively, labels may be printed from a UL approved label printing system and suitable for the surface it is being applied to.

# 11. Product Safety Information

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This document applies to Intel® Server Boards, Intel® Server Chassis (pedestal and rack-mount) and installed peripherals. To reduce the risk of bodily injury, electrical shock, fire, and equipment damage, read this document and observe all warnings and precautions in this guide before installing or maintaining your Intel® server product.

In the event of a conflict between the information in this document and information provided with the product or on the website for a particular product, the product documentation takes precedence.

Your server should be integrated and serviced only by technically qualified persons. You must adhere to the guidelines in this guide and the assembly instructions in your server manuals to ensure and maintain compliance with existing product certifications and approvals. Use only the described, regulated components specified in this guide. Use of other products/components will void the UL Listing and other regulatory approvals of the product, and may result in noncompliance with product regulations in the region(s) in which the product is sold.

## 11.1 Safety Warnings & Cautions

To avoid personal injury or property damage, before you begin installing the product, read, observe, and adhere to all of the following safety instructions and information. The following safety symbols may be used throughout the documentation and may be marked on the product and/or the product packaging.

<b>CAUTION</b>	<i>Indicates the presence of a hazard that may cause minor personal injury or property damage if the CAUTION is ignored.</i>
<b>WARNING</b>	<i>Indicates the presence of a hazard that may result in serious personal injury if the WARNING is ignored.</i>
	<i>Indicates potential hazard if indicated information is ignored.</i>
	<i>Indicates shock hazards that result in serious injury or death if safety instructions are not followed.</i>
	<i>Indicates hot components or surfaces.</i>
	<i>Indicates do not touch fan blades, may result in injury.</i>
	<i>Indicates to unplug all AC power cord(s) to disconnect AC power</i>

## 11.2 Site Selection

The system is designed to operate in a typical office environment. Choose a site that is:

- Clean, dry, and free of airborne particles (other than normal room dust).
- Well-ventilated and away from sources of heat including direct sunlight and radiators.
- Away from sources of vibration or physical shock.
- Isolated from strong electromagnetic fields produced by electrical devices.

- *In regions that are susceptible to electrical storms, we recommend you plug your system into a surge suppresser and disconnect telecommunication lines to your modem during an electrical storm.*
- *Provided with a properly grounded wall outlet.*
- *Provided with sufficient space to access the power supply cord(s), because they serve as the product's main power disconnect.*

## 11.3 Equipment Handling Practices

*Reduce the risk of personal injury or equipment damage:*

- *Conform to local occupational health and safety requirements when moving and lifting equipment.*
- *Use mechanical assistance or other suitable assistance when moving and lifting equipment.*
- *To reduce the weight for easier handling, remove any easily detachable components.*

## 11.4 Power and Electrical Warnings

### **CAUTION**

*The power button, indicated by the stand-by power marking, DOES NOT completely turn off the system AC power, 5V standby power is active whenever the system is plugged in. To remove power from system, you must unplug the AC power cord from the wall outlet. Your system may use more than one AC power cord. Make sure all AC power cords are unplugged. Make sure the AC power cord(s) is/are unplugged before you open the chassis, or add or remove any non hot-plug components.*

*Do not attempt to modify or use an AC power cord if it is not the exact type required. A separate AC cord is required for each system power supply.*

*The power supply in this product contains no user-serviceable parts. Do not open the power supply. Hazardous voltage, current and energy levels are present inside the power supply. Return to manufacturer for servicing.*

*When replacing a hot-plug power supply, unplug the power cord to the power supply being replaced before removing it from the server.*

*To avoid risk of electric shock, turn off the server and disconnect the power cord, telecommunications systems, networks, and modems attached to the server before opening it.*

### 11.4.1 Replacing the Back up Battery

The lithium battery on the server board powers the real time clock (RTC) for up to 10 years in the absence of power. When the battery starts to weaken, it loses voltage, and the server settings stored in CMOS RAM in the RTC (for example, the date and time) may be wrong. Contact your customer service representative or dealer for a list of approved devices.

### **WARNING**

**Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the equipment manufacturer. Discard used batteries according to manufacturer's instructions.**

 **ADVARSEL!**

**Lithiumbatteri - Eksplosionsfare ved fejlagtig håndtering. Udsiftning må kun ske med batteri af samme fabrikat og type. Levér det brugte batteri tilbage til leverandøren.**

 **ADVARSEL**

**Lithiumbatteri - Eksplosjonsfare. Ved utskifting benyttes kun batteri som anbefalt av apparatfabrikanten. Brukt batteri returneres apparatleverandøren.**

 **VARNING**

**Explosionsfara vid felaktigt batteribyte. Använd samma batterityp eller en ekvivalent typ som rekommenderas av apparattillverkaren. Kassera använt batteri enligt fabrikantens instruktion.**

 **VAROITUS**

**Paristo voi räjähtää, jos se on virheellisesti asennettu. Vaihda paristo ainoastaan laitevalmistajan suosittelemaan tyyppiin. Hävitä käytetty paristo valmistajan ohjeiden mukaisesti.**

#### 11.4.2 Power Cord Warnings

*If an AC power cord was not provided with your product, purchase one that is approved for use in your country.*

 **CAUTION**

*To avoid electrical shock or fire, check the power cord(s) that will be used with the product as follows:*

*Do not attempt to modify or use the AC power cord(s) if they are not the exact type required to fit into the grounded electrical outlets*

*The power cord(s) must meet the following criteria:*

*The power cord must have an electrical rating that is greater than that of the electrical current rating marked on the product.*

*The power cord must have safety ground pin or contact that is suitable for the electrical outlet.*

*The power supply cord(s) is/are the main disconnect device to AC power. The socket outlet(s) must be near the equipment and readily accessible for disconnection.*

*The power supply cord(s) must be plugged into socket-outlet(s) that is /are provided with a suitable earth ground.*

## 11.5 System Access Warnings

### **CAUTION**

To avoid personal injury or property damage, the following safety instructions apply whenever accessing the inside of the product:

*Turn off all peripheral devices connected to this product.*

*Turn off the system by pressing the power button to off.*

*Disconnect the AC power by unplugging all AC power cords from the system or wall outlet.*

*Disconnect all cables and telecommunication lines that are connected to the system.*

*Retain all screws or other fasteners when removing access cover(s). Upon completion of accessing inside the product, refasten access cover with original screws or fasteners.*

*Do not access the inside of the power supply. There are no serviceable parts in the power supply. Return to manufacturer for servicing.*

*Power down the server and disconnect all power cords before adding or replacing any non hot-plug component.*

*When replacing a hot-plug power supply, unplug the power cord to the power supply being replaced before removing the power supply from the server.*

### **CAUTION**

*If the server has been running, any installed processor(s) and heat sink(s) may be hot. Unless you are adding or removing a hot-plug component, allow the system to cool before opening the covers. To avoid the possibility of coming into contact with hot component(s) during a hot-plug installation, be careful when removing or installing the hot-plug component(s).*

### **CAUTION**

*To avoid injury do not contact moving fan blades. If your system is supplied with a guard over the fan, do not operate the system without the fan guard in place.*

## 11.6 Rack Mount Warnings

*The equipment rack must be anchored to an unmovable support to prevent it from tipping when a server or piece of equipment is extended from it. The equipment rack must be installed according to the rack manufacturer's instructions.*

*Install equipment in the rack from the bottom up, with the heaviest equipment at the bottom of the rack.*

*Extend only one piece of equipment from the rack at a time.*

*You are responsible for installing a main power disconnect for the entire rack unit. This main disconnect must be readily accessible, and it must be labeled as controlling power to the entire unit, not just to the server(s).*

*To avoid risk of potential electric shock, a proper safety ground must be implemented for the rack and each piece of equipment installed in it.*

## 11.7 Cooling and Airflow

### **CAUTION**

*Carefully route cables as directed to minimize airflow blockage and cooling problems. For proper cooling and airflow, operate the system only with the chassis covers installed. Operating the system without the covers in place can damage system parts. To install the covers:*

- 1. Check first to make sure you have not left loose tools or parts inside the system.*
- 2. Check that cables, add-in boards, and other components are properly installed.*
- 3. Attach the covers to the chassis according to the product instructions.*

## 11.8 Laser Peripherals or Devices

### **CAUTION**

*To avoid risk of radiation exposure and/or personal injury:*

*Do not open the enclosure of any laser peripheral or device*

*Laser peripherals or devices have are not user serviceable*

*Return to manufacturer for servicing*

## Appendix A: Product Usage Tips

- When adding or removing components or peripherals from the server board, AC power must be removed. With AC power plugged into the server board, 5-Volt standby is still present even though the server board is powered off.
- Each time AC power is applied to the server, the Blue System ID LED will turn on, the power button will be disabled, and a delay of 30-45 seconds will occur before the system is able to power on. This delay is needed to reset the BMC controller on the BMC Management Module. Once the BMC reset has completed, the System ID LED will turn off, and the power button will be re-enabled allowing for the system to be powered on.
- Only the Intel® Xeon® Processor 5500 Series and 5600 Series with **130 Watt** and less Thermal Design Power (TDP) are supported on the **Intel® Server Board S5500HV**. Previous generations of the Intel® Xeon® processors are not supported.
- Only the Intel® Xeon® Processor 5500 Series and 5600 Series with **95 Watt** and less Thermal Design Power (TDP) are supported in the **Intel® Server System SR1670HV**. Previous generations of the Intel® Xeon® processors are not supported.
- Only registered DDR3 DIMMs (RDIMMs) and unbuffered DDR3 DIMMs (UDIMMs) are supported on this server board. Mixing of RDIMMs and UDIMMs is not supported.
- For the best performance, the number of DDR3 DIMMs installed should be balanced across both processor sockets and memory channels. For example, a two-DIMM configuration performs better than a one-DIMM configuration. In a two-DIMM configuration, DIMMs should be installed in DIMM sockets A1 and D1. A six-DIMM configuration (DIMM sockets A1, B1, C1, D1, E1, and F1) performs better than a three-DIMM configuration (DIMM sockets A1, B1, and C1).
- Due to thermal requirements needed to support Quad Rank x4 DDR3 DIMMs, this memory type is not supported in the **Intel® Server System SR1670HV**. Support for this memory type should be verified with other server chassis/system manufacturers planning to support this server board.
- Memory is only populated using DIMM slots associated with a given installed processor. (ie.) With only one processor installed, only the DIMM slots associated with that processor should be populated. Memory installed into DIMM slots for a processor that is not installed are non-functional.
- The Management NIC port is only enabled with the BMC Module installed on to the server board. With no BMC module installed, the Management NIC port, located above the rear external USB ports, will be non-functional.
- Reference the Intel® Server System SR1670HV Service Guide for RAID setup information
- Reference the Intel® Server System SR1670HV Service Guide for BIOS setup information
- Reference the Intel® Server System SR1670HV Service Guide for System Update Utility usage information
- Reference the Intel® Server System SR1670HV Service Guide for system service and support information

## Glossary

This appendix contains important terms used in this document. For ease of use, numeric entries are listed first (e.g., “82460GX”) followed by alpha entries (e.g., “AGP 4x”). Acronyms are followed by non-acronyms.

Term	Definition
ACPI	Advanced Configuration and Power Interface
AP	Application Processor
APIC	Advanced Programmable Interrupt Control
ARP	Address Resolution Protocol
ASIC	Application Specific Integrated Circuit
ASMI	Advanced Server Management Interface
BIOS	Basic Input/Output System
BIST	Built-In Self Test
BMC	Baseboard Management Controller
Bridge	Circuitry connecting one computer bus to another, allowing an agent on one to access the other
BSP	Bootstrap Processor
Byte	8-bit quantity
CBC	Chassis Bridge Controller (A microcontroller connected to one or more other CBCs, together they bridge the IPMB buses of multiple chassis.
CEK	Common Enabling Kit
CHAP	Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol
CMOS	Complementary Metal-oxide-semiconductor In terms of this specification, this describes the PC-AT compatible region of battery-backed 128 bytes of memory, which normally resides on the server board.
DHCP	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol
DPC	Direct Platform Control
EEPROM	Electrically Erasable Programmable Read-Only Memory
EHCI	Enhanced Host Controller Interface
EMP	Emergency Management Port
EPS	External Product Specification
ESB2	Enterprise South Bridge 2
FBD	Fully Buffered DIMM
F MB	Flexible Mother Board
FRB	Fault Resilient Booting
FRU	Field Replaceable Unit
FSB	Front Side Bus
GB	1024 MB
GPA	Guest Physical Address
GPIO	General Purpose I/O
GTL	Gunning Transceiver Logic
HPA	Host Physical Address
HSC	Hot-swap Controller
Hz	Hertz (1 cycle/second)
I <sup>2</sup> C	Inter-Integrated Circuit Bus

Term	Definition
IA	Intel® Architecture
IBF	Input Buffer
ICH	I/O Controller Hub
ICMB	Intelligent Chassis Management Bus
IERR	Internal Error
IFB	I/O and Firmware Bridge
ILM	Independent Loading Mechanism
IMC	Integrated Memory Controller
INTR	Interrupt
I/OAT	I/O Acceleration Technology
IOH	I/O Hub
IP	Internet Protocol
IPMB	Intelligent Platform Management Bus
IPMI	Intelligent Platform Management Interface
IR	Infrared
ITP	In-Target Probe
KB	1024 bytes
KCS	Keyboard Controller Style
KVM	Keyboard, Video, Mouse
LAN	Local Area Network
LCD	Liquid Crystal Display
LDAP	Local Directory Authentication Protocol
LED	Light Emitting Diode
LPC	Low Pin Count
LUN	Logical Unit Number
MAC	Media Access Control
MB	1024 KB
MCH	Memory Controller Hub
MD2	Message Digest 2 – Hashing Algorithm
MD5	Message Digest 5 – Hashing Algorithm – Higher Security
ME	Management Engine
MMU	Memory Management Unit
ms	Milliseconds
MTTR	Memory Type Range Register
Mux	Multiplexor
NIC	Network Interface Controller
NMI	Nonmaskable Interrupt
OBF	Output Buffer
OEM	Original Equipment Manufacturer
Ohm	Unit of electrical resistance
OVP	Over-voltage Protection
PECI	Platform Environment Control Interface
PEF	Platform Event Filtering
PEP	Platform Event Paging

Term	Definition
PIA	Platform Information Area (This feature configures the firmware for the platform hardware)
PLD	Programmable Logic Device
PMI	Platform Management Interrupt
POST	Power-On Self Test
PSMI	Power Supply Management Interface
PWM	Pulse-Width Modulation
QPI	QuickPath Interconnect
RAM	Random Access Memory
RASUM	Reliability, Availability, Serviceability, Usability, and Manageability
RISC	Reduced Instruction Set Computing
RMII	Reduced Media-Independent Interface
ROM	Read Only Memory
RTC	Real-Time Clock (Component of ICH peripheral chip on the server board)
SDR	Sensor Data Record
SECC	Single Edge Connector Cartridge
SEEPROM	Serial Electrically Erasable Programmable Read-Only Memory
SEL	System Event Log
SIO	Server Input/Output
SMBUS	System Management BUS
SMI	Server Management Interrupt (SMI is the highest priority non-maskable interrupt)
SMM	Server Management Mode
SMS	Server Management Software
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol
SPS	Server Platform Services
SSE2	Streaming SIMD Extensions 2
SSE3	Streaming SIMD Extensions 3
SSE4	Streaming SIMD Extensions 4
TBD	To Be Determined
TDP	Thermal Design Power
TIM	Thermal Interface Material
UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter
UDP	User Datagram Protocol
UHCI	Universal Host Controller Interface
URS	Unified Retention System
UTC	Universal time coordinare
VID	Voltage Identification
VRD	Voltage Regulator Down
VT	Virtualization Technology
Word	16-bit quantity
WS-MAN	Web Services for Management
ZIF	Zero Insertion Force

## ***Reference Documents***

Refer to the following documents for additional product information:

- *Intel® Server System SR1670HV Service Guide*
- *Intel® Server Board S5500HV/Intel® Server System SR1670HV Configuration Guide*
- *Intel® Matrix Storage Manager 8.x Users Manual*
- *LSI\* Embedded MegaRAID Software Users Guide*